

POST-SCRIPTS  
By  
GEORGE ROTHWELL BROWN

"The unborn event  
I do commend to your content:  
Only I carry winged time  
Post on the lame feet of my rime."

That famous phrase "I do not choose,"

Is once more head-lined in the news;  
La Follette thinks it's much more fun  
To make it read "you shall not run!"

The G. O. P. is surely done,  
If Herb decides that he will run.  
Ohio sounds a doleful note,  
Designed to get young Hoover's goat.

Jack Higgins is the kind of steed  
We fear the Democrats will need;  
Have they a runner in the stud  
Who makes his best speed in the mud?

Why not cut out all this psychi-  
atrical nonsense, supply the jury  
with California daisies, and let them  
determine Hickman's sanity on the  
well-known principle of "he loves  
me, he loves me not?"

"Fleet foot on the corral,  
Sage counsel in lumber,  
Red hand in the foray,  
How sound is thy slumber!"  
Earl Haig is laid to rest in Dry-  
burgh Abbey beside Sir Walter Scott.  
Side by side in all their glory—  
Stand we by in awe;  
What a loss to song and story,  
They'd not met before!

Somewhat we can not exactly as-  
sociate Dryburgh with the name  
Haig.

Theodore L. Cogswell is con-  
firmed by the Senate in spite of the  
fact that Senator King accused him  
of having a "swelled head." It is  
just as well not to establish the  
precedent of turning down gentle-  
men who land Government jobs on  
this ground—the public service must  
be maintained.

The run on four Miami banks is  
happily ended. The anonymous let-  
ter writer never achieves a perma-  
nent success.

"Every bill and every measure  
That may gratify his pleasure,  
Though your fury it arouses,  
Shall be passed by both your Houses.  
You shall sit, if he sees reason,  
Through the grouse-and-salmon  
season."

The King opens Parliament and all  
the Lords and Commons have to do  
now is to obey his slightest nod.

Former New York bootlegger, who  
gradually sank so low that he be-  
came a prohibition informer, explains  
how the demon rum is smuggled  
from Florida to Senators and Con-  
gressmen in Washington, as Low-  
man exposes his plans for making  
Houston and Kansas City dry next  
June. If the prohibitionists were  
wise they'd do nothing to cut off  
the supply of liquor required to give  
the Nation's statesmen the courage  
to vote for Antislavery League plank  
and enforcement appropriations.  
Isn't there something sagacious  
about not muzzling the ox that  
treadeth out the corn?

It'll be plenty of time for Mr.  
Burton to abolish lightning rods  
when he shall have succeeded in  
abolishing thunderstorms.

Those elusive Liberty bonds con-  
tinue to elude the Walsh committee,  
but the St. Louis Post-Dispatch has  
got their number.

Gentleman of 104 is arrested and  
fined for getting lit up on his birth-  
day. Doesn't this poor, ignorant  
man realize that drinking is bound  
to undermine his health and lead  
him to an early grave?

Buffalo pastor charges some of  
his deacons with selling beer in the  
church. Let the uplift proceed!

Retail clothier asserts that "news-  
paper advertising and direct mail  
are about the only forms of printed  
advertising which pay dividends,"  
but why drag in direct mail?

With regard to attending the  
Houston convention Al Smith's  
mind hasn't been made up for him  
yet.

We congratulate King George  
upon the fact that his foreign  
relations continue friendly—it would  
be rotten to have an obstreperous in-law  
from Lithuania drop in for the  
week-end.

"In vain may heroes fight, and  
patriots raise;  
If secret gold sap on from knave  
to knave."

Oklahoma judge and prosecuting  
attorney are accused of holding out  
on some bank robbery loot, and  
here's the Governor of a great State  
going on trial for bribery.

If the G. O. P. loses Ohio to the  
Democrats it can't claim that it  
didn't have a Warner.

Barclay Warburton is invited to  
lead the cotillion at Palm Beach.  
R. S. V. P.

All Mussolini needs to do now is  
to abolish the third-term tradition.

AMERICAN DESIRE  
TO DEFEND CANAL  
UPHELD AT HAVANA

Projected Air Treaty Is  
Voted Unanimously  
in Committee.

FIRM STAND OF U. S.  
RECEIVES APPROVAL

Subcommittee, in Secret,  
Takes Up Question of  
Intervention Right.

Havana, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—The Panama Canal was the subject of greatest international interest in the Pan-American Conference proceedings today. It came before the delegates at the meeting of the committee on communication and was brought to the fore by Ambassador Henry P. Fletcher, of the American delegation, who declared that the greatest interest of the United States lay in the defense of this most important artery of maritime communication.

The projected international commercial aviation convention was adopted unanimously by the committee after Ambassador Fletcher's assertion that the United States made no secret of its desire to protect the canal. This must be kept open to world's shipping; therefore the United States was unable to agree to any convention which might jeopardize the safety of the canal.

The American delegates referred to a clause of article 30 of the amended convention, permitting any contracting state to enter into a special agreement with any other state, provided such agreement does not affect the rights and obligations defined by the general convention. The convention does not affect rights and obligations established by treaties already existing.

Chile Commends U. S.

The Chilean delegate, Carlos Silva Vildosola, in commending the American attitude, said: "We have all been thinking of Panama throughout these discussions. We have been flying over the real issue, but at last we are down to earth. The neutrality and defense of the Panama Canal must not be interfered with."

He described Chile's special economic interest in maintaining free traffic through the canal, which was vital to commerce between South America and the rest of the world. Maritime traffic he contended, was the most important world communication; commercial aviation still was in an experimental stage and would be confined to the carriage of mail for some years to come. For this reason, he claimed, it was better to leave that for future consideration.

The Peruvian representative, Luis de Negri, endorsed the sentiments of Ambassador Fletcher and Senator Vildosola. He believed the time was ripe for an aviation convention, with full protection for maritime strategic points.

Continued on page 3, column 6.

YACHT BELIEVED LOST  
WITH OWNER AND KIN

Search for W. H. Power's  
Craft, En Route South,  
Proves Fruitless.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 7 (A.P.).—Search inaugurated yesterday for trace of the yacht Kingfisher, or Videll, led to fear today that the craft had been lost at sea with her owner, W. H. Power, of Palm Beach, some members of his family and the crew of four or five men, while en route from Morehead City, N. C., to Jacksonville, Fla.

There is no record of a yacht named Videll, but there is a record of the Kingfisher on which Mr. Power passed through Norfolk on December 10. It is assumed by Marine circles here that the name of the yacht had been changed from Kingfisher to Videll, but the change had not been registered.

It developed today that the yacht had been sighted off Morehead City December 15 after passing through the Chesapeake and Albemarle Canals. Since that time nothing has been heard from her. Just how many members of the owner's family were with him on the trip was not stated in messages received by Coast Guard officials here. Mr. Power, while a resident of Palm Beach, is said to have maintained homes in Washington and New York.

Mississippi House  
Asks Cotton Inquiry

Jackson, Miss., Feb. 7 (A.P.).—A resolution memorializing Congress to investigate the New York Cotton Exchange, was unanimously adopted by the lower house of the Mississippi Legislature today.

The resolution declared there was no excuse for the present low price of cotton and charged that farmers are losing from \$35 to \$40 a bale as the result of pooling, manipulation and corrupt practices on the part of spinners and brokers and conspiracies in restraint of trade.

Bankruptcy and financial ruin threaten the South as a result of fictitious trading in cotton, the resolution added.

Merchants Ready to Buy  
Patterson Market Site

Overtures for Option on Part of Estate Are Begun by  
Group of Commission Men Headed by Judson O.  
Harrison—Details Withheld for Present.

A group of wholesale commission merchants of the District are negotiating for the purchase of part of the Patterson tract, formerly the site of Camp Meigs on Florida avenue northeast, as a site for a new market.

Overtures for an option and ultimate purchase of the site were made to trustees of the estate several weeks ago by the group of merchants headed by Judson O. Harrison, vice president of the W. H. Harrison & Co., Inc., wholesale commission merchants at 907-11 B street northwest.

The group will meet with the trustees tomorrow afternoon, at which time the negotiations are expected to be completed, according to Francis Winslow, cotrustee and heir of the estate.

William L. Beale, trust officer for the American Security & Trust Co., which acts as cotrustee of the Patterson property, last night "had nothing to say," when asked whether the deal had been concluded.

William Henry Harrison, president of the wholesale company which bears his name; N. J. Ward, Henry Klein and W. Charles Heilmuller are among the merchants most interested in the project.

Judson O. Harrison, who has been delegated as spokesman for the merchants yesterday, refused to deny that those interested had contributed \$1,000 each toward the project, and had pledged further contributions totaling \$3,800 each.

"I can't talk about the proposition now, and do not expect to have an announcement to make until Thursday or Friday," Harrison said when asked about the details of the overtures. The last formal meeting of the commission merchants was held Monday in the offices of W. Charles Heilmuller, at 923 B street northwest.

The Patterson tract contains 86 acres running north of Florida avenue between the Baltimore & Ohio freight tracks and Gallaudet College.

Contract for the removal of the western half of the Farmers Market sheds on B street from Eleventh to Fifteenth streets was awarded yesterday to the firm of J. H. & J. W. Smith, Inc., of 1100 K street northwest.

Continued on page 3, column 8.

FASCIST COUNCIL VOTE  
PUTS END TO DEMOCRACY

Scheme for Selective Lower  
House and Suppression of  
Parties Accepted.

TEXT NOT YET REVEALED

(Special Cable Dispatch.)

Rome, Feb. 7.—Premier Benito Mussolini's grand Fascist council, consisting of 25 members, including all the cabinet ministers, undersecretaries and other distinguished Fascists, at a historic session tonight approved the final text of the drastic proposals for a new parliamentary chamber. The new scheme, as already announced, suppresses a democratic government in Italy, abolishes general elections and popular suffrage.

The exact form of the new scheme has not yet been announced and it is believed the text will not be published until it has been approved also by the council of ministers, which meets February 20. It has been intimated, however, that the actual representation of the corporations and syndicates in the new chamber will not form a majority, but that the majority will be made up of appointments by Premier Mussolini himself, without reference to the syndicates, since it is known Mr. Duce wants the new chamber to consist of experts rather than representatives of special interests.

Most of the advance information indicates that the new chamber will be merely a second kind of appointive senate. It means the definite suppression of all forms of party politics and political campaigns, and there will be no further popular meetings or party platforms apart from the Fascist program. The new project also will define the position of the grand council, which through the supreme body of the Fascist state at present will have no juridical standing.

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1 Missing, 5 Injured  
In Plunge of Train

Chicago, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—The fireman is missing and five passengers were slightly injured today when an east-bound Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad passenger train crashed through a bridge spanning Wyocoma Creek, a small stream near Luray, Mo., according to information received at the railroad company's offices here.

Couple Are Wounded  
In Shooting Affray

Aurelius Sullivan, 45 years old, a watchman employed by the Fruit Growers Express, Alexandria, and Mrs. Mary Richards, 30 years old, with whom he boarded, were seriously wounded yesterday afternoon during a shooting affray at Mrs. Richards' apartment in the Agnew Courts, 310 South Pitt street, Alexandria.

Police called to investigate the shooting found the man and woman lying across a bed, with the man still holding a revolver with which the shooting had been done. It is charged that Sullivan shot Mrs. Richards, and then turned the gun on himself. Both are in Alexandria Hospital, and Sullivan is not expected to live.

Mallinckrodt Wills  
\$3,000,000 to Charity

St. Louis, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—The will of Edward Mallinckrodt, chemical manufacturer, filed late today, bestows his estate, understood to be about \$3,000,000, to philanthropy and indicates he gave the remainder of his wealth, estimated as high as \$17,000,000 to his son, Edward Mallinckrodt Jr., and other relatives during his lifetime.

The will provides that the son shall determine what organizations or institutions shall benefit and states that any residue undisposed of at the son's death shall be divided equally between Washington University and St. Luke's Hospital here.

COURT ASKS BRIEFS  
ON OIL MAN'S WRIT  
BLOCKING SENATE

Motion to End Habeas  
Corpus Proceedings  
Is Not Granted.

COUNSEL ATTACKS  
POWER TO ARREST

Declares Warrant Should Not  
Be Permitted for Witness,  
Who Met Subpena.

After listening for two and a half hours yesterday to arguments on the writ of habeas corpus obtained Saturday by Robert W. Stewart, chairman of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, Justice Jennings Bailey in the Supreme Court of the District, ordered counsel for Stewart and special counsel for the Government to submit briefs dealing with points in controversy.

The court asked that the briefs touch particularly on the right of the Senate to arrest a witness to compel his attendance when there had been no refusal on the part of the person in question to appear. Jesse C. Adkins, of counsel for Stewart, was given until Monday to file his brief, and George W. Wickham, former Attorney General, special Government counsel, was given until the following Friday to reply.

Pending the filing of the briefs and determination by the court of whether it will affirm or dismiss the writ, Stewart will remain at liberty under the \$1,000 bond which he posted when he obtained the writ.

Crowds Jam Courtroom.

The appearance of another oil magnate in the District courts while his colleague, Harry F. Sinclair, is still on trial in another branch on the charge of criminal contempt, appeared to give of new interest to spectators. Crowds reminiscent of earlier days of the proceedings against Albert B. Fall and Edward L. Doheny, and the former Cabinet officer and Mr. Sinclair sought to obtain admission to the small chamber over which Justice Bailey presides. Less than 30 spectators, other than

Continued on page 2, column 6.

104, He Celebrates;  
Fine Levied in Court

Calico, Calif., Feb. 7 (A.P.).—Harry Bush was held in court today on his 104th birthday to explain his carelessness in driving his automobile into an irrigation canal.

None the worse for the accident, Bush admitted he had been "drinking a little." He produced a roll of more than \$1,000 and paid a small fine.

11 Coast Guard Craft  
Disabled by Vandals

Special to The Washington Post.

Cape May, N. J., Feb. 7.—Eleven Coast Guard patrol boats were tied up here today, due to their compasses having been smashed in the night by vandals alleged to have been hired by bootleggers eager to keep the ships shorebound so that rum cargoes might be brought in.

Commander E. C. Addison, in charge of base 9 was confined to his bed with a cold and could not be reached to confirm a report that six coast guardsmen were in the brig here as a result of the compasses having been smashed.

Earl Asquith, Former  
Liberal Leader, Is Ill

London, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—The Earl of Oxford and Asquith, former Liberal leader, is again ill with recurrence of trouble with a leg which affected him some time ago.

No special anxiety is felt as to his condition.

Hungarian Apology  
Demanded by Austria

Vienna, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—The arrest of a Hungarian coal miner at an Austrian mine by Hungarian police today brought a demand for an apology from the Hungarian government from Austria. The return of the prisoner also was demanded by Austria.

Hungarian gendarmes with fixed bayonets invaded an Austrian coal mine at Ritzing yesterday and arrested a Hungarian emigrant coal miner, Paul Rath. He was handcuffed and escorted to Hungarian territory. The incident created intense indignation in Austria.

Society Women Help Elect  
Palm Beach's New Mayor

Palm Beach, Fla., Feb. 7 (A.P.).—Electioneering ladies whose names adorn the social register figuratively hitched their limousines to politics here today and helped elect society's candidate for mayor in one of the most colorful elections Palm Beach has known.

Maj. Barclay H. Warburton, former Philadelphia publisher, was swept into office with 4 to 1.

He made no campaign and solicited no support, but the women's activities in his behalf were so brisk that the largest vote on record was cast and an opposition candidate for council, greatly to his amazement, found himself drafted to distribute Warburton literature at a voting box. Bevis of society matrons and debutantes pressed their automobiles, chauffeurs and winning smiles into service for their candidate.

It was Miss Eleanor Chase, one of

SENATE ADVANCES  
BAN ON THIRD TERM;  
MAY PASS IT TODAY

Added Clause Commends  
Coolidge Observance  
of Precedent.

SENATOR BINGHAM  
LEADS OPPOSITION

Concedes Defeat of Pending  
Motion to Sidetrack the  
La Follette Measure.

By CARLISLE BARGERON.

With its opponents describing it as a "political gesture" that would make it "impossible or difficult" for the Republicans to reelect President Coolidge either this year or in 1932, the Senate prepared yesterday to pass the La Follette antithird term resolution possibly today. It was debated for more than two hours by some dozen senators and in the end Senator Bingham (Republican), Connecticut, who led the Old Guard, virtually admitted defeat.

He succeeded only in getting across the thought that it would be passed by an alliance of "Democrats and digressive, I mean progressive Republicans."

The resolution reads:

"That it is the sense of the Senate that the precedent established by Washington and other Presidents of the United States in retiring from the presidential office after their second term has become, by universal concurrence, a part of our republican system of government, and that any departure from this time-honored custom would be unwelcome, unpatriotic and fraught with peril to our free institutions."

"That the Senate commends the observance of this precedent by the President."

It was this added provision that particularly drew the Old Guard fire, Senator Fess, of Ohio, one of the first and most tenacious in the "Draft Coolidge" movement that followed the President's "I do not choose" statement, questioned whether another term for President Coolidge could be considered a third term, as did Senator Gillett, of Massachusetts. The Massachusetts senator, in fact, said he would not mind voting for the first part of the resolution.

Although Senator La Follette said he held with the late Theodore Roosevelt that it is the "spirit" not

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Governor of Canada  
Is Guide for Kelloggs

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 7 (A.P.).—Frank B. Kellogg, United States Secretary of State, and Mrs. Kellogg today made a tour through the Dominion Archives building with the governor general and his wife, Lady Wellington, as guides.

Mr. Kellogg's program for today included a luncheon given in his honor by Premier King, followed by a visit to the house of commons and a reception in the apartments of the speaker of the house, William Phillips, American Minister to Ottawa, gave a dinner for Secretary Kellogg tonight.

County Judge Taken  
AS HOLDER OF LOOT

Prosecutor Also Is Alleged to  
Have Appropriated Cash  
Bank Robbers Hid.

Ardmore, Okla., Feb. 7 (A.P.).—County Judge James A. Mathers and Wes Crox, county attorney, were arrested at Ardmore, Okla., today charged with appropriating part of the loot taken in the robbery of the Love County National Bank two weeks ago. They were released on bonds of \$5,000 each.

Judge Mathers and Crox led a searching party to a hiding place revealed by Claud Andrews, a confessed participant in the robbery. It is charged they kept part of the loot.

The charges followed an investigation by Fred Hansen, assistant attorney general. Of the \$9,300 taken in the robbery, \$3,719 was returned to the bank.

Andrews is held here on robbery and murder charges. Sheriff Sam C. Long was fatally wounded in a gunfight with the robbers.

Manitoba Royal Act  
Given Royal Assent

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—The new Manitoba liquor control act which provides for the sale of beer by the glass in Government licensed parlors, was given royal assent today by Lieut. Gov. T. A. Burrows.

Although the act is expected to be proclaimed next week, government officials said actual operation of the beer parlors will not begin until early in March, as the law provides applications for licenses must be advertised for two weeks.

43 Drowned as Blast  
Sinks Boat on River

Hanoi, French Indo-China, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—Three French officials and 40 Chinese were drowned when the post boat Trentinian sank in the River Mekong.

The sinking followed the explosion of a cargo of gasoline. Many other passengers and members of the crew were injured.

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DEACONS, PASTOR SAYS,  
SOLD BEER IN CHURCH

Clergyman Gets an Injunction  
Preventing Classis From  
Unfrocking Him.

ELDERS ALSO ACCUSED

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 7 (A.P.).—A controversy in the Reformed Church was revealed here today when the Rev. George L. Heck, pastor of the Clarence, N. Y. church, obtained a temporary injunction in supreme court restraining officials and organizations of the denomination from removing or deposing him from the pastorate.

Charging that the West New York Classis, an organization of ministers in the German Synod of the East, were attempting to excommunicate and unfrock him because he refused to install certain deacons and elders in Salem Reformed Church of this city, his former pastorate, Mr. Heck, declared the men were "absolutely unfit to be leaders and examples of what is supposed to be a Christian congregation."

He charged them with "selling real beer in the church and gambling in order to make money."

Officials restrained by the injunction include the Rev. Herman E. Schnatz, pastor of Zion Reformed Church here and president of the synod; the Rev. A. R. Bartholomew, of Philadelphia, president of the general synod; the Rev. J. Rauch Stein, of Philadelphia, executive secretary of the General Synod, and the Rev. John H. Rettig, of this city, president of the West New York Classis.

Last June, Mr. Heck said, the classis declared the Clarence pastorate vacant "because of rumors of certain irregularities." The minister said, the classis asked him to appear to explain "whether it was true that he told the congregation to keep the money usually contributed for missions and apply the same toward his annual salary of \$1,000."

Mr. Heck said he went before his congregation and obtained a vote of confidence.

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HOOVER AND WILLIS  
CONTEST MAY LOSE  
OHIO, SAYS WARNER

State Chairman Calls on  
Party Heads to Avoid  
Factional Split.

SEATS IN CONGRESS  
ARE SEEN IN DANGER

Leader Declares Thad Brown  
More Interested in Dele-  
gates Than Election.

Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—The Ohio Republican organization was warned today by its state chairman, Fred W. Warner, of Marion, that the impending fight between Senator Frank B. Willis and Secretary of Commerce Herbert Hoover for presidential support in this State will deliver Ohio into the hands of the Democrats next November.

If the Willis and Hoover factions insist upon contesting in the April presidential primary for the Buckeye State's 51 delegates to the Republican convention, discord in all the county organizations will be created, Warner declared.

The State chairman at his home in Marion issued a statement today urging the party leaders to refrain from any tactics that will endanger Republican standing.

Congress Seats in Peril.

Not only are the State offices in peril but also a number of seats in Congress at present held by Republicans, Warner asserted. He predicted that a Willis-Hoover contest will bring about a split in the party ranks comparable to that of 1912 when the Bull Moose movement disrupted the Republican organization.

Warner charged that Hoover's supporters, headed by Thad H. Brown, former Secretary of State, are not interested in electing the Commerce Secretary as President.

"They are more interested in the selection of delegates," he said. "It looks as though they were not trying to elect Hoover—just to nominate him."

Meanwhile, the friends of the senior Ohio senator, who received the endorsement of the Republican State central committee last week, adopted a policy of watchful waiting today.

Jones Awaiting Developments.

"We are awaiting developments. Everything is satisfactory along our lines," said Charles A. Jones, secretary to Willis.

In the Hoover headquarters efforts were being made to line up petitioners to obtain Mr. Hoover's assent to enter the Ohio primary. When the Hoover committee was formed yesterday, an original petition was forwarded to him, and others will follow as fast as signers are obtained. The Commerce Secretary must consent to the use of his name before his supporters can express their preference for him at the primary. The hope was that he will give such consent.

Hoover Strong in Alabama.

O. D. Street, of Alabama, Republican national committeeman, in Washington yesterday, made the following statement:

"Secretary Hoover is extremely popular in Alabama both among Republicans and Democrats. He is the decided preference for President among the Republicans of our State, because he is believed to be the man best qualified by ability and experience to carry forward the successful policies of the Coolidge administration. I am confident that he will have the support of the Alabama delegation to the Kansas City convention, based upon the feeling that undoubtedly exists among the Republicans of our State. There is little expression of sentiment for any other candidate."

Armed Rebel Bands  
Gather at Jinotega

Managua, Nicaragua, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—Reports received by the Nicaraguan government today from Jinotega say that armed bands, believed to be those of the rebel leader, Augustino Sandino, are concentrating in considerable numbers outside that city.

It also was reported that many prominent families are fleeing Matagalpa, where a strong garrison of American marines is stationed.

Marine airplane patrols left for Jinotega today to make a survey and locate the rebels located they will be attacked.

Arlen Is to Marry  
Countess Mercati

London, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—A Monte Carlo dispatch to the Daily Mail says that confirmation has been received from Countess Atalanta Mercati of her reported engagement to Michael Arlen, the novelist. The Monte Carlo dispatch said that the countess would marry Arlen in the spring.

(Countess Atalanta Mercati is the daughter of Count Mercati and his first wife, the former Miss Harriet Wright, of Cleveland. Previously reports of the engagement were described as pure fiction.)

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## CHAMBER FAVORS PLAN TO CHARTER ALL SCHOOLS HERE

Directors Vote to Support  
Bill Before Congress,  
After Filibuster.

## ADEQUATE HEARINGS DENIED, DARR AVERS

Ballou Asserts That Measure  
Is Best Remedy to Close  
Up Diploma Mills.

Approval of the bill requiring institutions of higher learning in the District of Columbia to be chartered by the Board of Education was voted last night by the board of directors of the Washington Chamber of Commerce. The vote followed a lengthy filibuster conducted by Charles W. Darr, first vice president, and Walter C. Balderston, general counsel, who objected to the form of the bill and the naming of the Board of Education to pass on the qualifications of such institutions.

Darr claimed that he and Mr. C. F. Pace, of the Catholic University of America, who have led the opposition to the bill, have not been granted adequate hearings by the chamber's committee on universities, colleges and private schools in the District of Columbia, which last night favorably reported the bill as it was reported out of the Senate committee.

Maj. W. O. Tufts, chairman of the committee, declared that the bill has been unanimously endorsed by the Washington Board of Trade, the United States attorney's office, the Bureau of Efficiency and the Citizens Advisory Council, and he feels that with the favorable report of the Senate committee, the bill is in a strategic position to become law.

City's Name At Stake.

Dr. Frank W. Ballou, superintendent of public schools, declared that any one in the educational business knows that the District of Columbia has a very bad reputation throughout the country in regard to fraudulent educational degrees, and that there should be prompt legislation to correct the abuse.

"The fair name of our city, educationally, is at stake," Dr. Ballou asserted.

In reference to objections to the Board of Education passing on the qualifications and merits of institutions of higher learning, Dr. Ballou pointed out that while it was created to supervise public elementary and preparatory schools, it nevertheless is constantly called upon to determine the merits of institutions of higher learning in accepting or rejecting the degrees of applicant teachers in the District public schools.

The Board of Education has to pass on the standards of schools all over the country, he said, and now has the proper agencies, and much valuable information at hand, which it could utilize in determining the standards of schools applying for charters in the District of Columbia.

The pending bill does not attempt to standardize education, Dr. Ballou insisted, but seeks only to prevent the setting up of educational institutions which do no educational work.

He declared that the bill provides the best remedy against diploma mills of all that has come to his attention in the seven years he has been in Washington, and that the task it would im-

pose on the Board of Education would not be burdensome to the board.

Darr asserted that in his opinion the duty of passing on the qualifications of applying institutions should be placed upon the United States Commissioner of Education, and that the Board of Education is not qualified to act.

The board of directors accepted the resignation of W. J. Waller, of the Federal American National Bank, as a member of the board, and elected Harry Bedell as his successor.

Col. Robert N. Harper, president of the District National Bank, was appointed by the president as national councilman, representing the Washington Chamber, in the United States Chamber of Commerce, and the appointment was unanimously approved by the board.

The committee on the Industrial Exposition, which is to be held at the Washington Auditorium from March 12 to 17, reported that from present indications there will be over 100 exhibitors and that the exposition should prove of great aid in the proper development of the city industry.

The board elected ten candidates for membership as follows: Francis T. Hurley, Homer L. Kitt, Cecil R. Grabbill, C. E. McCullough, L. H. Chandler, Morris Plan Bank, Ernest J. Spitzer, C. J. Quentell, S. E. Stebbins and F. A. Graham.

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## WEATHER DELAYS COSTS AND LEBRIX; MAY ARRIVE TODAY

Conditions From Alabama  
Field to Capital Force Halt  
in Proposed Flight.

## EXPECTED AT BOLLING FIELD THIS AFTERNOON

Plans for Reception by Officials  
and Civilians Here  
Are Shifted.

Weather permitting, Costes and Lebriz, the French transatlantic fliers, will arrive at Bolling Field this afternoon. Bad weather conditions at Maxwell Field, Ala., and along the route of their proposed flight to the city yesterday, caused them to postpone their flight to Washington.

The War Department was notified of the delay and in turn notified the State Department, which revised a reception arrangement.

Under the new program still subject to change and additions, the fliers are expected at Bolling Field between 4 and 6 o'clock this afternoon. They will be met at the field by a number of airplanes from Bolling Field, who will escort them there, where they will be received by French Ambassador Claudel, Secretary of War Davis, Secretary of the Navy Wilbur, Acting Secretary of State Oles, and other officials, and members of Congress, as well as American aviators and air attaches of the various embassies and legations.

Cavalry Escort Canceled.

Due to the possibility of a late arrival, plans for a cavalry escort for the fliers from the field to the French Embassy, have been abandoned. However, the Navy Band will play on their arrival at the field, and the Army Band, at the embassy, and there will be appropriate military escorts at both places. The public is welcome to the ceremony at Bolling Field.

The remainder of the tentative program as announced by the State Department provides for a dinner to the fliers by the National Aeronautical Association this evening at the Mayflower Hotel, this affair being subject to postponement, however.

Will Visit White House.

Tomorrow morning the French Ambassador will present the fliers to President Coolidge at the White House. They will next be guests at a luncheon given by Assistant Secretary of War Davis. Assistant Secretary of the Navy Warner and Assistant Secretary of Commerce MacCracken, at the Mayflower Hotel. In the evening a ball will be held for them at the French Embassy. Friday they will be given a luncheon by President Coolidge at the White House. They leave here for New York.

The fliers were to have arrived at Bolling Field between 4 and 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon, but word was received from Maxwell Field yesterday that the flight had been delayed on account of bad weather and it was not believed the fliers would leave that day.

The air line distance from Maxwell to Bolling Field is about 735 miles, and requires from seven and a half to eight hours flying under normal conditions.

MAN SLASHES THROAT  
WITH RAZOR; MAY DIE

Found in Closet on Third  
Floor by Daughter; Worry  
Is Held as Cause.

Holding a bloodstained razor in his hand, Daniel R. George, 63 years old, 1956 Calvert street northwest, was found unconscious, with his throat cut, in a closet on the third floor of his home last night. He is in Emergency Hospital in a critical condition.

Worry over ill health and the death of a brother two weeks ago is responsible for his act, police believe. Members of his family refused to discuss the affair. George was found by his daughter who, hearing groans, began a search for him. She found him in an ambulance from Emergency Hospital.

George was suffering from loss of blood when he arrived at the hospital and was unable to talk last night. He has only a slight chance to recover, police said.

Fire Destroys Two Garages.

Garages in the rear of 538 and 540 Fourteenth street southeast, were destroyed by fire of undetermined origin yesterday. Damage was estimated at \$1,200, and is covered by insurance. The garage at the former address was owned by Reginald Poole and the other by Raymond C. Dyer.

2 SLIGHTLY INJURED  
IN DANGEROUS FALLS

Man, Hurlled 3 Floors, Treated  
for Cuts; Miner School  
Pupil Bruised.

Two persons escaped virtually uninjured yesterday after dangerous falls in buildings. They were Joseph N. Farrell, 38 years old, 4709 Kansas avenue northwest, and Lottie Hackett, colored, 11 years old, 730 Hobart place northwest.

Farrell, a carpenter, was employed on remodeling work in a building at Eleventh and F streets northwest. He was working on the roof of the building, when he lost his balance and fell through a stair-shaft, landing three floors below. Despite the fall of more than 30 feet, it was found at Emergency Hospital that he had suffered only slight cuts and bruises to the head and body.

The colored girl, a pupil at the Miner Normal School, was playing in the corridor of the building, when she lost her balance and fell 12 feet through a window into the gymnasium. She was taken to Emergency Hospital and found to have suffered slight cuts and bruises on the body and shock.

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## District Reimburses Juvenile Wards Loan

Checks for \$10,000 each were mailed yesterday by Commissioners Sidney F. Taliaferro and Proctor L. Dougherty to Mrs. Anne Archbold, John Hays Hammond, John Joy Edson and Frank J. Hogan to reimburse them for loans they made in April, 1927, without interest, to enable the District to keep its juvenile wards in the homes of "boarding mothers" when the last Congress adjourned without passing the urgent deficiency appropriation bill.

Taliaferro and Dougherty became trustees for the \$40,000 advanced by the four public-spirited local residents and paid the sums from the fund.

## Baraca Bible Class Has Annual Banquet

A number of speeches and a musical program were features at the seventeenth annual banquet of the Baraca class of the Metropolitan Baptist Church, held last night in the church, at Sixth and A streets northeast.

The Rev. James Sherman Montgomery, chaplain of the House of Representatives, and Representative John McSweeney, of Ohio, made addresses. Other speakers were E. B. Shaver, teacher of the class, and the Rev. John Compton Ball, pastor of the church. L. T. Gravette, president of the class, was toastmaster.

The Rev. James Sherman Montgomery, chaplain of the House of Representatives, and Representative John McSweeney, of Ohio, made addresses. Other speakers were E. B. Shaver, teacher of the class, and the Rev. John Compton Ball, pastor of the church. L. T. Gravette, president of the class, was toastmaster.

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## \$10,000,000 SCHEME OF FLYING PLANNED BY GEN. MITCHELL

Rickenbacker and Cassidy  
Will Join to Build Institution  
Near Washington.

## AIR FORCE ASSOCIATION TO SUPPORT PROGRAM

Project Linked With Demand  
for Single Air Service With  
Cabinet Head.

Brig. Gen. William Mitchell is leading a movement to establish a national school of aeronautics near Washington. It was announced yesterday by the United States Air Force Association.

Gen. Mitchell is chairman of the executive committee of the United States Air Force Association. Associated with Col. Mitchell in the enterprise will be Capt. Edward V. Rickenbacker, American ace of aces in the World War, and Col. J. Edgar Cassidy, of Washington.

A drive for a financial endowment of \$10,000,000 for the school, which will be named the United States Aeronautical Institute, will be started immediately throughout the country. It is understood that a number of wealthy aviation enthusiasts have agreed to contribute. The purpose of the school is to train men and women in all branches of aviation and to establish a higher standard in both military and civil flying.

Gen. Mitchell, who long has been a critic of the way aviation is handled by the regular establishments of the Government, declared yesterday that "the school is to be a training school for the people of the United States, to support a project such as that upon which he is embarked."

Will Favor Air Secretary.

He said that linked with the school project the Air Force Association will have a political program advocating a separate Air Service with a Cabinet officer at its head.

Gen. Mitchell outlined the reasons for the establishment of the proposed school of aeronautics and its purposes, as follows:

"No development commensurate with the ability and power of our great Nation can be expected at the hands of the Federal Government, which has no aviation because their graded services, where promotion is based on the amount of time a person stays in the service, is not calculated on the basis of the harmonizing of all the older systems with a new force such as aviation would disrupt and change, prevents any improvement."

"During the war and for a while after it, we led the world in aeronautics, but we have since lost the leadership by neglecting the people who led the American aviation were stopped in this great development and the matter was entrusted to the hands of the military, which condition is becoming worse each year and the American people must do something to overcome it."

"After mature deliberation and a careful analysis of what is happening in our country, combined with visits to and inspection of the air services in all other countries, we have concluded that I have come to the conclusion that the time has come to appeal to the American people to support the following plan:

"(1) The establishment of an institution to be known as the United States Aeronautical University.







**Safeguard** your Home  
your Property  
your Valuables  
We insure Everything Insurable  
BONN & PHILLIPS  
1417 N. N. W. Phone 4300

It is not necessary  
to have had an Ac-  
count at this Bank to  
Borrow.

THE MORRIS  
PLAN

Easy to Pay  
Monthly  
Deposit  
For 12  
Months  
Loan  
\$120 \$10.00  
\$180 \$15.00  
\$240 \$20.00  
\$300 \$25.00  
\$360 \$30.00  
\$420 \$35.00  
\$480 \$40.00  
\$540 \$45.00  
\$600 \$50.00

**THE MORRIS  
PLAN BANK**  
Under Supervision U. S. Treasury  
1408 H STREET, N. W.

**Over the  
Coffee  
Cup**  
by John Wilkins

Bargains are not always  
what they appear—in  
silk stockings or used  
cars or coffee.

Goods made to sell at  
a price are usually  
inferior in quality.

The quality of Wilkins  
was first established,  
then it was priced as  
low as possible.

For 27 years it has offered  
quality of the highest type  
at the lowest price  
consistent with such  
quality.



## VARE-WILSON VOTE RECOUNT IS BEGUN, DESPITE NEW ROW

Senator-Elect Withdraws His  
Watchers After Clash Over  
Reed Agents.

### WATERMAN DISMISSES CHARGE OF PREJUDICE

Philadelphian Declares Slush  
Committee Counters Are  
in Favor of Wilson.

(Associated Press.)  
Another row over the conduct of the  
Vare-Wilson contest in the 1928 Penn-  
sylvania senatorial election broke out  
yesterday, but the actual counting of  
ballots was begun.  
Dissatisfied with the representation  
accorded the Reed slush fund commit-  
tee in the counting room, William S.  
Vare, Republican senator-elect, with-  
drew his own representatives before the  
Senate elections subcommittee which  
began a recount of the ballots cast in  
Allegheny County, including Pitts-  
burgh, where William B. Wilson, de-  
feating Democratic candidate, has  
charged there was a conspiracy.  
Vare complained that the six rep-  
resentatives selected by the Reed com-  
mittee were residents and were prej-  
udiced in favor of Wilson.

**Allegation Is Overruled.**  
Senator Waterman (Republican),  
Colorado, chairman of the elections  
subcommittee, overruled the objection  
and ordered the recount to go ahead.  
Last night the Vare forces were await-  
ing an answer to their request to the  
Colorado senator that they be per-  
mitted to increase their staff of observers.  
The recount was begun with a four-  
ish. A corps of photographers were ad-  
mitted to the large committee room on  
the top floor of the Senate Office Build-  
ing as the first ballot box was opened.  
Flashlight boomed, and then the staff  
of about 30 men and women assembled  
about long wooden tables was put to  
work behind closed doors.

**Reed, of Missouri, t Work.**  
Around the corridor on the same  
floor Senator Reed (Democrat), Mis-  
souri, chairman of the slush fund com-  
mittee, was inspecting an inspection  
of tally sheets, voting lists and other  
paraphernalia used in Philadelphia in  
the same election.  
Downstairs in the office still used by  
Mr. Vare, who has been refused the oath  
of office by the Senate, his counsel  
conferred over the telephone with the  
Pennsylvania senator-elect, but the  
next move was still in doubt last night.  
Some time is expected to be con-  
sumed in the recount, and Chairman  
Waterman announced no piecemeal  
statements would be made of the  
status of the counting.

### Two Banks Increase Rate on Rediscounts

(Associated Press.)  
Two more Federal Reserve banks,  
those at Boston and Dallas—raised  
the rediscount rate yesterday from  
3½ to 4 per cent. Announcement was  
made by the Federal Reserve board that  
the increase would be effective today.  
Of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks,  
all but five have decided to establish  
a 4 per cent rediscount rate. Those  
with a rate still at 3½ per cent are  
the banks at Kansas City, St. Louis,  
Philadelphia, Denver and Atlanta.

## Day in Congress

**SENATE.**  
Met at noon and adjourned at 4:15.  
Confirmed the nomination of Theo-  
dore L. Cogswell to be register of wills  
of the District.  
Debated the La Follette resolution de-  
claring against a third term for a Pres-  
ident of the United States.  
In cutting up the resolution, Senator  
La Follette (Republican), Wisconsin,  
declared that there were "powerful fac-  
tors" at work in the Republican party  
to "draft" President Coolidge for a  
third term.  
William S. Vare, Republican senator-  
elect from Pennsylvania, withdrew his  
representatives who had been counting  
ballots before the Senate elections sub-  
committee in the Vare-Wilson election  
contest. Vare complained that his re-  
presentatives selected by the Reed  
campaign funds committee were prej-  
udiced in favor of Wilson.

**HOUSE.**  
Met at noon and adjourned at 5  
o'clock, to meet at noon today.  
Voted down a proposal of Represen-  
tative Burton (Republican), Ohio, to  
eliminate from the Army appropriation  
bill an item of \$55,000 for the purchase  
of gas masks. Burton denounced the  
use of poison gas in warfare.  
Voted to increase the amount al-  
located in the Army bill for the Officers  
Reserve Corps from \$12,125,000 to \$12-  
655,000.  
Appropriations committee reported on  
the appropriation bill for the Treasury  
Department and the Postoffice Depart-  
ment, carrying a total of \$1,063,337,000.

## 4-DAY ATLANTIC LINE FAVORED BY COOLIDGE

President Also Would Give Aid  
to American Dirigible Serv-  
ice Like England's.

President Coolidge believes that the  
request of a corporation which pur-  
poses to inaugurate a four-day trans-  
atlantic service, for a \$94,500,000 con-  
struction loan, is reasonable, and should  
be given careful consideration by the  
Government, it was made known yester-  
day. The project is backed by the  
Transoceanic Corporation, of which  
Laurence Wilder is the president.  
Under the plans, a recently placed  
before the President, the ships would  
be specially built, capable of higher  
speed than anything now plying the  
ocean lanes, and would be equipped so  
that airplanes could land on and take  
off from their decks, thus saving addi-  
tional time at each terminus.  
The President also let it be known  
yesterday that he is keenly interested  
in the British project of establishing  
a regular air route across the Atlantic  
for airships of the R-100 type. He is  
understood to have taken this matter  
up with Secretary Hoover with a view  
to assuring the cooperation of the  
Government with any American interests  
which may join in the project.

## Dr. Eglin, Franklin Institute Head, Dies

Philadelphia, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—Dr. Wil-  
liam C. L. Eglin, president of the Frank-  
lin Institute, and widely known elec-  
trical engineer, died tonight.  
He was vice president and chief en-  
gineer of the Philadelphia Electric Co.  
and designed the \$52,000,000 power  
project of the company at Conowingo,  
Md. Dr. Eglin had been ill about two  
months, having been stricken while  
cruising through the Caribbean.  
Born in Glasgow 58 years ago, Dr.  
Eglin was educated at Anderson Uni-  
versity and the University of Glasgow,  
coming to this country in 1888. He  
was a former president of the National  
Electric Light Association, a fellow of  
the American Institute of Electrical  
Engineers and one of its vice presi-  
dents. He was serving his fifth term as  
president of the Franklin Institute.

## \$530,000 INCREASE FOR ARMY RESERVE IS VOTED BY HOUSE

Effort to Obtain \$30,000  
More for Training Camps  
Is Defeated.

(Associated Press.)  
Having voted into the bill an amend-  
ment increasing by \$530,000 the \$12-  
125,000 allotted to the Officers Reserve  
Corps, the House yesterday approved  
without further change all appropri-  
ations for military purposes carried in  
the annual War Department supply  
measure. The amendment, proposed by  
Representative Wurbach (Republican),  
Texas, was carried by a vote of 83 to  
72.  
Nonmilitary appropriations, totaling  
\$80,000,000 and including a lump sum  
allotment of \$50,000,000 for rivers and  
harbors, will be considered today after  
which leaders hope to send the measure  
to the Senate. The military activities  
appropriation totals about \$308,000,000.

**Hampered by Attacks.**  
Progress on the bill was hampered  
by attacks from a half dozen or more  
members, all seeking to increase funds  
carried for various items, except in one  
instance when a move was made by  
Burton (Republican), Ohio, to eliminate  
\$55,000 carried for the purchase of gas  
masks.

Burton, a member of the American  
delegation to the Geneva Conference  
to prohibit the use of poisonous gas  
in warfare, declared that the United  
States for seven years had opposed the  
use of gas and the appropriation was  
"in bad faith."  
Representative Barbour (Republican),  
California, in charge of the bill, and  
Representative Garrett, of Tennessee,  
the Democratic leader, opposed the  
amendment which was defeated by a  
70 to 21 vote.

### Training Camps Lost.

A move by Representative Wainwright  
(Republican), New York, to increase  
by \$300,000 the fund for citizens mili-  
tary training camps was defeated on a  
standing vote of 78 to 27. Wain-  
wright and Representative Edith Nourse  
Rogers (Republican), Massachusetts,  
urged the increase to provide for 5,000  
more members of the camps. The bill  
recommended a total enrollment in  
the camp of 35,000.  
Criticism of the methods of recruit-  
ing men in the Army was made by  
three members, Representatives La  
Guardia, of New York, and Sparks, of  
Ohio, both Republicans, and Casey  
(Democrat), Pennsylvania.  
The New Yorker said that the re-  
cruiting officers held out a false  
promise of the men reaching West Point,  
while the other two representatives  
assailed the enlisting of youth in their  
"teens."

## BOYLAN CHALLENGES DRYS ON KRESGE GIFT

Holds League Should Return  
\$500,000 Donation to  
Avoid Hypocrisy.

Antislavery League officials were chal-  
lenged yesterday by Representative  
Boylan (Democrat), New York, to re-  
turn the contributions made to it by  
Sebastian S. Kresge, millionaire chain  
store owner, whose wife obtained a di-  
vorce on grounds of infidelity recently.  
Early in December, during the league's  
convention here, Kresge announced a  
contribution of \$500,000 toward a fund  
to spread dry propaganda.  
"It will be interesting to know," said

## S-4 DISASTER REPORT RECEIVED BY WILBUR

Release of Data Compiled by  
Navy Board Expected  
Within Week.

The report of the naval board of in-  
quiry investigating the submarine S-4  
disaster was presented to Secretary of  
the Navy Wilbur yesterday afternoon at  
1 o'clock. He has not yet decided  
whether he will release it for publica-  
tion prior to review by the judge ad-  
vocate general's department, the Bureau  
of Navigation and himself. Release of  
the report is not expected before a week.  
It is between 600 and 700 pages in  
length and is divided into narrative of  
testimony, findings and conclusions,  
the latter two sections including 33  
pages of single typing, or between 8,000  
and 10,000 words. In case Secretary  
Wilbur decides on a review before pub-  
lication, he will expedite the procedure.  
The personnel of the board was Rear  
Admiral R. H. Jackson, member of the  
general board; Rear Admiral Julian L.  
Latimer, commandant Philadelphia  
Navy Yard; Capt. J. V. Ogan, submarine  
expert, and Commander Leslie Bratton,  
judge advocate. The board convened at  
Boston, January 4, and came here about  
three weeks ago for compilation of tes-  
timony and drafting its report, holding  
sessions at the Navy Buildings.

## Naval Free Balloon In Accident; Lands

Northampton, N. H., Feb. 7 (A.P.).—  
A United States Navy free balloon,  
which left Lakehurst, N. J., yesterday  
on a training flight landed here this  
forenoon after becoming entangled in  
telephone and telephone wires. The  
occupants were unhurt and the balloon  
was not damaged.  
Lakehurst, N. J., Feb. 7 (A.P.).—Word  
received here reported Lieut. T. G. W.  
Settle, commander of the naval free  
balloon which left here yesterday,  
landed at Northampton at 10 o'clock  
this morning. No mention was made  
in the commander's report of an acci-  
dent in landing.

JEWELERS

PLATINUMSMITHS

## DIAMONDS

AND  
Other Precious Stones

Members of Amsterdam Diamond Exchange

**K Kahn Inc.**

Thirty-five Years at

935 F Street

ADOLPH KAHN

President

ARTHUR J. SUNDLUN

Treasurer

## Acacia Mutual Life Association

### Summary of Annual Report as of December 31, 1927.

ASSETS:	
First mortgage loans on improved real estate	\$12,916,965.69
Real estate	1,376,733.55
Bonds	1,607,400.00
Cash in banks and in office	360,409.85
Loans on Association's Policies	4,072,233.14
Collateral Loans	70,000.00
Net premiums in process of collection	2,523,070.60
All other assets	442,575.04
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$23,369,387.87</b>
LIABILITIES:	
Policyholders' dividends not yet due	\$436,486.74
Reserve for taxes accrued	160,000.00
Premiums and interest paid in advance	149,297.87
Miscellaneous	145,055.67
	<b>\$890,840.28</b>

### BALANCE TO PROTECT POLICY CONTRACTS:

Legal reserve requirement—American Experience	
Table of Mortality and 3½% interest on all policies	\$21,149,345.05
Surplus	1,329,202.54
	<b>\$22,478,547.59</b>

### Another Year of Great Progress

New insurance paid for	\$55,057,500.00
Gain in insurance in force	37,981,370.00
Insurance in force December 31, 1927	264,258,116.00
Dividends paid or credited to members	1,183,988.27
Assets	23,369,387.87
Increase in assets	4,119,502.94
Increase in reserve	4,019,931.82

The first and only mutual old line company to reduce its premium rates so that its policyholders get the advantage of the low initial rates of the stock company combined with the dividends of the mutual company.

### PROGRESS DURING THE PAST TEN YEARS

YEAR	ASSETS	SURPLUS	INSURANCE In Force End of Year
1917	\$1,359,858	\$68,566	\$19,809,512
1919	2,220,990	70,013	37,657,924
1921	4,613,495	316,961	101,222,295
1923	9,417,807	971,438	152,190,700
1925	15,695,944	1,306,269	196,145,636
1927	23,369,387	1,329,202	264,258,116

## WATCH US GROW

This record is all the more remarkable when it is remembered that ACACIA does not accept brokerage business, reinsurance business, group insurance or other wholesale insurance. All its insurance is written directly on selected risks.

WILLIAM MONTGOMERY, President

DIRECTORS:

T. J. Adams	Paul B. Cromelin	J. Claude Keiper	H. L. Rust, Jr.
W. L. Andrews	J. Harry Cunningham	Arthur D. Marks	L. P. Stuart
Chas. E. Baldwin	L. Whiting Estes	John T. Meany	Eugene E. Thompson
Harry Blake	E. C. Graham	Jos. H. Milans	E. Lee Trinkle
C. C. Coombs	James C. Hoyle	J. B. Nichols, M. D.	Francis D. Winston
W. K. Cowden	Thos. E. Jarrell	Chas. F. Roberts	J. P. Yort

HOME OFFICE, 13th and F Streets, WASHINGTON, D. C.



## Watch Your Kidneys After Colds and Grip!

Many Functional Kidney Disorders Are the Result  
of Germ Diseases.

DOES winter find you lame, stiff and achy? Do you  
feel tired, drowsy—suffer nagging backache, head-  
ache and dizzy spells? Are the kidney secretions too fre-  
quent, scanty or burning in passage? Do you wonder what  
is wrong?

Know then that these are often signs of improper kidney  
action. Colds and grip increase the poisons in the blood  
and bring extra work to the kidneys. When the kidneys  
act sluggishly, waste impurities remain in the blood and  
cause many unpleasant symptoms.

One is apt to feel tired and drowsy—to have a dull,  
nagging backache and annoying headaches and dizzy spells.  
That the kidneys are not working right is often shown by  
too frequent, scanty or burning secretions.

Thousands have learned to rely on **Doan's Pills** after  
winter's colds and chills. **Doan's**, a stimulant diuretic,  
increase the secretion of the kidneys and thus aid in the  
elimination of waste impurities. They have earned a  
nation-wide reputation. **Ask your neighbor!**

Insist on the Genuine Doan's  
and Refuse Substitutes

The genuine Doan's Pills may be identified by the  
maple leaf trade mark and the signature "Jas. Doan."  
They are sold by good dealers everywhere and have  
been publicly endorsed by more than 50,000 satisfied  
users. Demand the genuine Doan's and don't accept  
a substitute.



**Doan's Pills**

A Stimulant Diuretic to the Kidneys

All dealers, 60c a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Manufacturing Chemists, Buffalo, N. Y.



## STORY OF RUNNING RUM INTO CITY TOLD AT TRIAL

Senators and High Officials Declared Customers; 32 Men Accused.

### CAPITAL POLICE CHARGED

Jacksonville, Fla., Feb. 7 (A.P.)—A story purporting to reveal how rum was smuggled through Jacksonville to Washington and into the hands of United States senators, representatives and other high Government officials was unfolded from the witness stand here today in the trial of W. W. Benedict and others on charges of conspiracy to violate the prohibition laws. Many defendants are on trial in the Federal District Court, and involve a former Washington police lieutenant, a Washington policeman, railroad conductors, porters and bootleggers.

The story of rum smuggling and intrigue was told by John J. Hickey, former New York bootlegger, who since has become a prohibition department informer. Hickey was called upon to name any of the high Government officials, who, he said, had been the ultimate consumers of the liquor, smuggled into Jacksonville and shipped to Washington by conductors, porters and runners. He was on the stand three hours.

The transactions in which Hickey said he figured were spread over two years, prior to February, 1925, when indictments naming 32 men were returned by a Federal grand jury. The defendants include Joshua Sprinkle, former Washington police lieutenant; William Haller, former Washington policeman, and P. H. Bartleson and Charles Marshall, former United States deputy marshals.

Under cross-examination Hickey told of "sales" of liquor to men high in political and public life in the Capital. It was not indicated that the names would be brought out at the trial.

The principal point sought in questioning Hickey was to establish the origin and disposition of the liquor. Hickey testified that he did not know what disposition had been made of the liquor returned against him several years ago. He said he had been in the employ of the Federal prohibition department at a stipulated salary for services as an informer.

Hickey named H. N. McDonough, one of the defendants, as a local man who had procured a quantity of liquor and sold it to an undercover agent who posed as a liquor buyer. Hickey was "in" on that deal, he said, and traced the liquor from its source to Washington.

Of the 32 men indicted in 1925 only 21 were at the opening of the trial today.

**Lowman Is to Make Big Conventions Dry**

Regardless of the attitude taken by the Republican and Democratic parties relative to the liquor question at their respective conventions at Kansas City and Houston, Prohibition Commissioner James A. Lowman and Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Seymour Loman, in charge of prohibition, have let it be known that they intend that the conventions themselves shall be dry.

It was learned yesterday that a force of undercover men have already been placed under the assistance of Prohibition Commissioner Air Otis, and that they are at work frustrating the plans of the bootleggers to accumulate a large supply of choice liquors at the convention cities.

Government agents already have unearthed plans of big liquor operators to smuggle liquor supplies from Mexico, Canada and the Gulf ports, it was said. Special attention is being given to the situation in Houston because of its proximity to the Mexican border.

## Cogswell Approved For Register's Post

The nomination of Theodore L. Cogswell to be register of wills of the District of Columbia was confirmed late yesterday by the Senate. Cogswell was appointed by President Coolidge to succeed the late Corpl. James Tanner.

Action on the nomination had been held up for nearly two months by Senator King (Democrat), of Utah, who had received a protest against Cogswell. Senator King finally decided not to further block confirmation, and at a meeting last week the Senate District committee favorably reported the nomination to the Senate.

While he has never made public the nature of the protest against Cogswell, Senator King has emphasized from the outset that it was not of a very serious nature, one of the allegations being that Cogswell had a "swelled head."

After holding up the nomination, Senator King introduced a bill to abolish the office of register of wills, but no action ever has been taken on it.

Post Classified Ads enable quick response the same day they appear. That brings Today's Results Today when you phone Main 4205.

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The pallbearers for this last service to their fallen chieftain, instead of the famous soldiers and admirals who had gathered around him at Westminster Abbey, were employees of the Haig estate—the gamekeeper, the butler, gardeners and groom.

The services at the graveside were as unpretentious as the friends who paid the last honors. The local choir sang "O God Christian Soldiers," the hymn of the church militant, and Earl Haig was placed in a grave under the open sky, a few feet from the grave of Sir Walter Scott.

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## HAIG LAID TO REST IN DRYBURGH ABBEY

Employees of Estate Take Part in Simple Service; Grave Near Scott's.

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# FURNITURE

in the W. & J. Sloane

February Sale of

## HOME FURNISHINGS

Our two factories—the Company of Master Craftsmen and the Oneidacraft Company—have eliminated middlemen's profits and made it possible for W. & J. Sloane to establish new standards of furniture value.

Now the February reductions have brought these prices down to even lower levels. In Bedroom Suites, Dining Room Groups, Living Room Furniture and Occasional pieces—as in Rugs, Carpets and Linoleums—New Values in good furnishings and good taste have been created.

We suggest an early inspection and choice.

### FURNITURE

#### for the BED ROOM

Bed Room Groups and single pieces; upholstered Boudoir chairs, Lamps and Bed Room rugs: all of them can advantageously be purchased during the February Sale.

Bed Room suites, complete with seven pieces, full size bed, start at

\$275.00

### SOFAS

Covered in denim—or a covering of your own—sofas during the February Sale, start at

\$110.00

### CHAIRS

EASY CHAIRS are priced from \$54.00

OPEN ARM CHAIRS, in a variety of coverings, have been reduced to \$29.50

WINDSOR SIDE CHAIRS, finished in Maple are \$9.75

All of the hundreds of Easy Chairs, Open Arm Chairs, Windsor Chairs, Boudoir Chairs—all the chairs on our five floors show the reductions.

### DINING ROOM GROUPS

Dining Room groups, complete with ten pieces, start at

\$345.00

Other Dining Room Groups, of early American design as well as other types, are in the February Sale, all of them showing the reductions.

### OCCASIONAL PIECES

TEA WAGONS from \$29.00  
BOOKSHELVES in Cherry and Maple (Three Shelves) from 17.00  
FOOTSTOOLS from 4.00  
CHAISE LONGUES covered in Denim from 65.00  
MIRRORS from 5.50  
GOVERNOR WINTHROP DESK in mahogany. Marked down to 90.00  
SPINET DESKS, in mahogany 42.00  
SECRETARIES, in mahogany from 155.00

### DRAPERY and UPHOLSTERY FABRICS

Imported and Domestic Cretonnes, Toiles, Hand Blocked English Linens, Brocates, Damasks, Tapestries and Crewel Embroidered Linens—the February reductions affect them all.

## W. & J. SLOANE

709-711-713 TWELFTH STREET, N. W., WASHINGTON, D. C.

"The House with the Green Shutters"

STORE OPEN FROM 9 A. M. TO 5:30 P. M. DAILY, INCLUDING SATURDAY

Charge Accounts Conveniently Arranged

Freight Paid To All Shipping Points in the United States

Sloane Endorsed Merchandise Carries An Assurance of Satisfaction

### CARPETS and LINOLEUM are in the February Sale

### TABLES

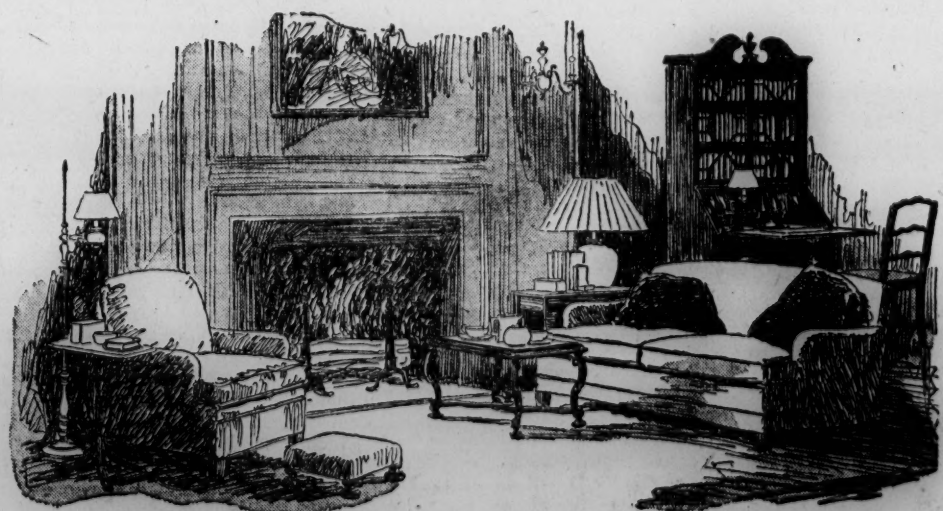
Sofa Tables, Living Room Tables, Tip Tables, Console Tables, End Tables, Coffee Tables, Muffin Stands—all of them are marked down to new levels of value.

### LAMPS

TABLE LAMPS, complete with shades from \$15.00

BRIDGE LAMPS, complete with shades from \$10.00

And a wide selection of others, all of them showing the February reductions.



## 85 YEARS of Life Insurance IDEALS and SERVICE!

AN ideal became a reality when, on February 1st, 1843, "The Mutual Life of New York" issued its first policy. The business of life insurance on the mutual plan started in America then and there.

Priority in its field is not the Company's claim to greatness—age in itself is no great distinction. The Mutual Life began with high ideals of business conduct, which still prevail. It aims at quality and to be highly honorable in all its dealings.

In its relations with policyholders and their representatives The Mutual Life has an outstanding record; and it quotes with pride from the report of the last periodical examination of its affairs by the Insurance Department of the State of New York:

"A large volume of new business, selected according to the company's high standards was placed on the books. The rate of mortality has declined to a very low point and as a result it was possible to distribute to policyholders dividends according to successive increasing scales. Investments are particularly well secured. At the same time policy contracts have been liberalized and clarified, and the treatment accorded to the policyholders and their representatives has been eminently fair and just."

BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 1927	
ASSETS	LIABILITIES
Real Estate.....\$9,247,732.14	Policy Reserves.....\$735,429,710.00
Policy Loans.....308,601,591.67	Supplementary Contract Reserves.....7,061,591.97
Liberty Bonds and other U. S. Government Securities.....111,641,156.16	Other Policy Liabilities.....11,957,231.38
Other Bonds.....80,989,150.60	Premiums, Interest, and Rents paid in advance.....1,060,946.03
Stocks.....423,021,826.02	Miscellaneous Liabilities.....2,942,801.06
Interest and Rents due and accrued.....1,909,203.40	Reserve for Taxes.....3,188,219.26
Premiums in course of collection.....12,724,702.90	Dividends payable in 1928.....39,910,354.80
Cash (\$2,428,179.59 at interest).....2,951,564.61	Reserve for Future Deferred Dividends.....530,693.71
Cash advanced to pay claims.....103,073.35	Contingency Reserve (Surplus).....\$9,843,166.81
Total Admitted Assets.....\$861,924,534.12	Total Liabilities.....\$861,924,534.12

## The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York

David F. Houston, President



# The Washington Post.

THE WASHINGTON POST CO.  
Washington, D. C.  
EDWARD B. McLEAN,  
President and Publisher.

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Wednesday, February 8, 1928.

## MR. GILLET'S RESOLUTION.

What is the object of Senator Gillett in introducing a resolution whereby the Senate would respectfully suggest to the President the advisability of a further exchange of views with foreign governments in regard to American adherence to the so-called world court? Does Senator Gillett think that the Senate and the President are now ready to abandon the position taken when the Senate adopted the reservations to which foreign governments objected? Or does he have information indicating that the foreign governments are now ready to accept the reservations?

Before the interested nations had rejected the Senate's fifth reservation President Coolidge said, on November 11, 1926:

While no final decision can be made by our Government until final answers are received, the situation has been sufficiently developed so that I feel warranted in saying that I do not intend to ask the Senate to modify its position. I do not believe the Senate could take favorable action upon any such proposal, and unless the requirements of the Senate resolution are met by the other interested nations, I can see no prospect of this country adhering to the court.

If Senator Gillett has information that the President is now ready to ask the Senate to modify its position he should make the fact known. The people have a right to this information before the next national conventions are held.

In order to bring about American adherence to the world court it will be necessary for one side or the other to surrender. The interested nations must accept the Senate's reservations or the Senate must abandon them.

Possibly Senator Gillett has concluded that the presidential campaign will be dull for lack of issues. Perhaps he merely wishes to "start something." He can have his wish easily enough, if he can show that foreign governments are now willing to accept the Senate's fifth reservation, or that the President is willing to ask the Senate to withdraw that reservation.

## THE JAPANESE ELECTION.

The general election in Japan, set for the 20th of this month, will be of interest to political students largely because for the first time in the history of the empire almost universal manhood suffrage will prevail. Some 8,000,000 voters will be added to the number that has hitherto held the franchise.

Naturally many of the elder statesmen regard the experiment with some anxiety. Despite the progress that Japan has made in the last 60 years, at a rate which can only be described as marvelous, the aristocratic theory is still strongly entrenched among the nobility and more prosperous classes. And yet these elements have been willing to risk what some of their numbers must feel is a hazardous step indeed.

Every precaution has been taken to regulate electioneering methods and safeguard the voter against improper influences—a peril not altogether unheard of in this country. It is all the more necessary in Japan, where the vast majority of the population, including those who now possess the voting power, have an instinctive deference to the wishes and views of their "elders and betters." In all likelihood these wishes and these views will prevail for a long time to come in the remoter provinces of the empire. Nevertheless, it will be a stirring sight for believers in democracy everywhere to see, on February 26, about 8,000,000 voters march to the polls to elect representatives to a parliament which will henceforth be truly representative.

## CITY AIR.

As the result of an investigation conducted by Howard C. Murphy for the American Society of Heating and Ventilating Engineers, Boston is now declared to be "the cleanest city in America." Mr. Murphy and his assistants took samples of the air in 24 of the larger cities of the country and carefully analyzed their contents. This was accomplished by what is known as a "dust counter," which is a subtle instrument said to combine the qualities of a bicycle pump with a magnifying glass. The pump deposits the dust on a glass slide, and the magnifying glass enables the observer to count the particles within that given area.

Boston air was found to contain but 5,360 particles per cubic foot, whereas unhappy St. Louis, at the other end of the scale, groans under 17,600. Cincinnati came next, with 16,770, and Pittsburgh, generally regarded as the sootiest place on earth, breathes the comparatively pure serenity of 16,100. New York stands about midway in the list. Washington's quota is not given in the extract from the report which has reached us. It undoubtedly would rank very well, with its almost total lack of factory smoke.

It has been apparent for some time that the air problem in large cities is assuming formidable proportions. This is largely due to the increase of motor cars, which exhale fumes as deadly as those of the classic dragon. Cities

in low-lying districts are at present almost helpless against this menace, for menaces it certainly is. In all likelihood, the time will come when action of some sort will be imperative against atmosphere so infected with dirt and gas as to render it perilous in the extreme. Great strides have been taken in safeguarding the water supply in large municipalities. But that is obviously only half the battle.

## THE RADIO COMMISSION.

The Senate has approved the Watson bill, extending the life of the Federal Radio Commission to March 15, 1929. It has not as yet acted upon the nominations of Commissioners Caldwell, Pickard and Lafont, but its interstate commerce committee probably will recommend their confirmation if the House agrees to the Watson bill, which provides further that the terms of the commissioners shall run only until February 13, 1929. Under this arrangement, if the bill becomes law, all members of the commission would have to be re-nominated again at the coming session of Congress.

In most respects the legislation is all that is desired. It is generally admitted that so far control over the ether has not been established satisfactorily. The Radio Commission no doubt has done its best. The situation is most complicated, however, and effective control has proved to be more of a problem than was anticipated. It is predicted, on the other hand, that with the preliminaries completed and with a year's experience behind it, the commission will be able to make good progress during the coming year. The Watson bill gives it that chance.

The important consideration at the present time is to extend the life of the commission so that radio will not revert to the chaotic condition that prevailed before the control bill became law. Additional regulatory legislation is not needed and would serve only to further involve the entire situation. Confirm the membership of the entire commission, extend its life another year, and if by March 15, 1929, satisfactory betterment has not been had, the problem of radio control can be approached in other ways.

## DRUG PANDERS.

In the Harrison drug act the people of the country have a law which was enacted for the control of the sale and distribution of habit-forming drugs. It is in no sense reform legislation, but a practical measure of regulation. Under its operation annually vast quantities of narcotic drugs smuggled into the country are seized and numerous arrests are made of peddlers of the drugs and users without a physician's prescription.

It will be recalled that some time ago one of the arguments brought against the presence of stores in which children spend their pennies close to schools was that in some of these places, or in their vicinity, the peddlers of drugs or depraved distributors of them mingle in the school groups and effect the ruin of the youth. Frequent drug raids here, a recent one being the seizure of a trunk containing a large quantity of drugs, and consigned to a private school, show clearly enough that there has arisen need for educators to take notice of this evil. As more than 90 per cent of the drugs unlawfully used are smuggled into the country, and distributed surreptitiously, there is no way of knowing how many addicts are at present in the United States. The estimates run from one hundred thousand to more than a million.

The recent statement in print by a leading insurance authority that most of the crimes committed in New York and Chicago by the gang type are crimes of young men who have formed the drug habit supports other statements made from time to time by officers of correction for penal institutions, welfare societies and others who come into contact with the victims or who have reason to know the facts. It is stated that the alcohol habit does not go along with the drug habit; that the one creates an antipathy to the other. To what extent the operation of prohibition has turned former temperate users of liquor into drug users is a matter of surmise.

The fact that the United States has the greatest per capita consumption of opium among the leading nations of the world is an index to the ratio of consumption here of other and more vicious drugs, such as heroin. The reason for the big marketing of smuggled narcotics in this country is, of course, the high average of prosperity, making the United States the most profitable market for the drug ring, whose headquarters, presumably in Switzerland or France, have defied the efforts of the police of the world to locate.

## TAX TITLES.

It would seem that Washingtonians with spare funds for investment are missing chances here at home while chasing the elusive dollar in other sections of the country. Each year when the list of properties upon which taxes are unpaid is published and the sale of the lands advertised, there comes to Washington from western New York a man with a bank account who evidently has great faith in Washington real estate. He never leaves until he has acquired temporary title, at least, to various and sundry parcels of real estate in the District of Columbia.

The annual sale of properties for unpaid taxes took place last month and the report of results has just been made by Commissioner Tallafiero. This report indicates that 9,176 separate parcels of land were sold for taxes and that the District realized from the sale \$611,680.27. C. H. Wiltse, of Rochester, was the principal customer, buying more than a third of the properties offered, and paying for his purchase more than half of the entire sum received. Mr. Wiltse bought 3,373 certificates for which he paid \$339,856.20. Manuel Faust, of Cleveland, took tax title to 1,728 parcels for \$69,058.80, while two Washington buyers, Messrs. Rout and Fraser, bought 3,597 parcels between them.

## OCEAN AIR MAIL.

Representative Kelly, of Pennsylvania, has introduced a bill authorizing payment of \$3 per pound on air mail carried over routes exceeding 2,000 miles in length. The bill refers specifically to transoceanic aircraft.

Postal matter lends itself so readily to aircraft transportation that the growth of the air mail has been both steady and rapid. Several years ago the Postoffice Department blazed the way. Gradually it built up the business until, when it was turned over to private capital, it was a going concern. At the present time, according to the department, six of the fifteen air mail lines in the

country are making a profit. Furthermore, if rates were reduced from 10 cents per half ounce to 5 cents per ounce, as provided for in pending legislation, it is said that the volume of mail carried would increase from 100 to 200 per cent.

It is probable that the first transoceanic air lines will depend largely upon the transport of mail and express matter for their sustenance. Eventually, of course, they may develop a large passenger traffic, but this will not come until after it has been demonstrated that planes can cross the ocean regularly and in safety. Already several projects are afoot—one will be inaugurated during the coming summer—for regular commercial transatlantic flying, all of which are counting on mail contracts. The Kelly measure is most timely.

## THE FOOTBALL CODE.

The new football code may be regarded as a moral victory for spectators. The 1927 code was attacked from every conceivable angle, and a concerted movement had been started to bring football back to the 1926 status. Although the rules committee, meeting last week-end at a New Jersey country club, failed to take such drastic action, it authorized for the coming year three changes in the 1927 code, each of which is designed to clear up confusion. In brief, the new rules remove a good share of the protection afforded the lateral or backward pass, do away with the confusing distinction between a fumbled and a muffed punt, and strike at unfair blocking and checking of a screened pass.

From the spectator's standpoint the recent innovation that is most frequently criticized is the setting back of goal posts 10 yards behind the goal line. It had been hoped that next year would witness a revival of the old-time playing field in which to make a touchdown it was necessary actually to cross beneath the goal posts instead of merely to advance the ball across a white line. The rules committee made no decision on this point, however, and the behind-the-line goal posts will remain during 1928.

Of equal annoyance to the spectator during 1927 was the matter of muffs and fumbles. It was absolutely impossible to call one or the other from the stands, and practically impossible, in many instances, to call them correctly on the field. The rules committee has laid down for 1928 that either a muff or a fumble of a punt may be recovered by the kicking side, but may not be advanced beyond the point of recovery, and since both now have equal status there will be no reason to differentiate between them.

The rules committee has made no fundamental changes in football, the new rules being designed rather to correct abuses and confusion growing out of the previous rules. It has done a good job. Football needs more than anything else to be let alone. Coaches, officials, players and public now will have the opportunity to accustom themselves to the present game, somewhat simplified over that of 1927, but fundamentally the same.

## MIAMI'S BANK RUN.

Since early in 1926, when the Florida land boom burst with a resounding thud, its banks have been steering a cautious and conservative course. In most quarters it is believed that financial conditions in Florida now are thoroughly satisfactory and that the present flare-up in which three banks have been taken over by the State comptroller and another has experienced an incipient run is not of particular significance. Trouble, apparently, was stirred up by an anonymous individual who, under the signature "Hiram," circulated letters counseling withdrawal of deposits. Investigation of the source of these letters is under way, but as yet the writer has not been identified.

The banks involved are the Southern Bank & Trust Co., taken over by the State comptroller at the request of its officers and against which the anonymous letters were directed; the Citizens Bank of Miami and the Bank of Allapattah, taken over to prevent them from being subjected to an unnecessary strain because of the possibility that a run would develop and not because either was unsafe in its present condition. The run developed against the First National Bank of Miami after the other banks had been taken over. The latter institution was able to meet all demands for payment.

In every quarter it is agreed that as soon as public confidence is restored the critical period will have passed. Florida banks have on call in New York millions of dollars. They have taken to heart the lessons learned in the boom period and have been leaning backward during the past year or so in the matter of loans. Fundamentally, Florida stands today more sound than ever before. The State is destined to play an important role in the future, not only as a national playground, but also as the truck garden of the Eastern seaboard.

In the meantime no effort should be spared in running to earth the individual responsible for the poison pen letters. With banking so dependent upon public confidence the person who willfully sets out to destroy confidence perpetrates an atrocious commercial crime.

## SWAPPING GROCERIES OVERSEAS.

In the days of the windjammer the skipper of a merchant ship was more than a sailor; he was a trader, and the field of his operations was the seven seas. The owners of the clipper ships that sailed from New Bedford, New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore to the Gold Coast of Africa or to the ports of Asia could never be certain of the character of the cargoes which their shipmaster—generally an owner of at least one-third-second of the craft—would bring back to the home port. They might be slaves or spices.

The laying of cables changed all that, and the click of the Morse code kept the master and owner in touch.

A few months ago still further advance was made possible by the development of telephonic communication across the sea. A food broker in New York lately picked up the telephone on his desk and asked for Rotterdam. He held the wire for ten minutes, and talking over 3,500 miles of distance, "in that ten-minute conversation orders were placed for 150 tons and 3,500 cases of California prunes for quick shipment from the Pacific Coast to Rotterdam. But the trade was not all one-sided, for the Rotterdam buyer of the prunes sold to the New York broker during the same transaction 650 bags of poppy seed, 600 bags of caraway seed, 80 tons of mustard and 3 tons of mace for shipment from Rotterdam to New York."

According to the New York Sun, this was the first recorded use of the transatlantic telephone for the sale of groceries.



Culpable, But Not Alone.

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

### Franco-American Entente.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: The entente cordiale once more exists between France and the United States, but it does not go far enough to induce France "to pay its debt to Uncle Sam." Uncle Sam is a good-natured fellow, always willing to be bilked. We have for many years done an unreasonable amount of gushing over the fact that when we were fighting for our liberties France came to our help. She did, but it was not because she loved America or loved liberty such as we sought, but because she hated England and sought revenge for the taking of Canada. Just how far the entente goes the public has not been informed, but it is safe to say that it does not provide for payment of the debt owed by France.

C. R. BELKNAP.

### No Tax Reduction.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: The Senate has practically announced there will be no tax reduction by this Congress. The Democrats and the renegade Republicans have determined to thwart the President in every way. They now propose to tack an obnoxious shipping bill and an obnoxious tariff revision on to the revenue bill. That means a presidential veto. That will result in a failure to enact a tax reduction measure. The President is known to be opposed to the tax reduction provided in the House bill, and when the other two measures, more obnoxious to him than the proposed tax reduction, are added by the way of riders, his New England wrath will be very likely to strike somebody pretty hard. The people believe in Coolidge, and they do not believe in Congress.

LAWTON J. SMITH.

### Insanity and Murder.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: There has been much discussion of the insanity and the commission of crime. It is well understood by all who have made a careful study of insanity that insanity forbids sustained thought; hence if crime is committed by a man it is on the sudden impulse of the moment. If there is deliberation or premeditation there is no insanity. The two are inconsistent. Insanity is a plea only in murder cases; never in larceny or other crimes. But a murder for money is a calculated act.

Two insane persons can not conspire together, for the want of capability of sustained thought or reasoning. There was the flaw in the Leopold and Loeb case, and the prosecuting attorney failed to stress it.

R. M. K.

### The Ohio Battle Ground.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: For more than 40 years I have been a worker for the Republican party in Ohio, and so the claims of great Hoover sentiment there are taken by me with considerable discount. I am reminded that in my boyhood days in Ohio, we had a "milk sickness" scare about every spring. Upon investigation it developed always that the so-called "milk sickness" was over in some other county. I guess the great Hoover sentiment must be in some other State.

When I see some folks so freely giving advice to Secretary Hoover to sword with Senator Frank B. Willis in the coming April primary, I remember that Ohio is strewn with blasted political hopes of those who had been so unwise as to think that the senator was not a real contender. In 1920, the Hoover Ohio manager, who is

## Moon Power

By ROBERT QUILLEN

THE common people treasure many beliefs that are called "superstitions." They are beliefs that can not be traced to a definite origin, that have no support of scientific fact or theory and yet are generally accepted by the unschooled because they have the dignity and prestige of antiquity.

One such belief concerns the powers of the moon.

The oldest records of civilization reveal a fear of the moon's mysterious influence. "The sun," said the Hebrew poet, "shall not smite you by day, nor the moon by night." Out of one of the early civilizations came the word "lunatic"—one made mad by Luna, the moon. From the dawn of history, men have believed in moon madness.

This belief does not survive; but the unschooled still believe the moon affects the fertility of seed; that timber should be cut, hogs killed, beans planted and grain harvested "when the moon is right."

Surely the belief could not have survived a thousand generations unless experiment and observation gave it support.

Surely a heavenly body with power to sway billions of tons of salt water from side to side of the earth's surface can affect the earth in smaller matters!

Thus science reasoned. And the reasoning resulted in experiments that gave the testimony of facts to support the superstition of the ignorant.

The moon is a great mirror. Its reflected light has properties not found in the direct light of the sun. Science has a technical name for the light, but to the lay mind the fact that it is reflected is sufficient.

In this reflected light, whether from the moon or a mirror, the processes of decomposition and germination are altered, and many strange things are made to occur in the assembly of minute parts that compose an atom.

The moon faith is vindicated. The ignorant knew by observation what science has established by experiment.

And when science has revealed all the strange powers of reflected light, it may be that men who once sneered at such ideas will consult the moon as they now consult weather charts.

Man's little store of knowledge is but a drop in an ocean of undiscovered fact.

California has natural scenery and climate for the filming of all of the great classics except that one of Dante's.

Who ever expected to see the day when a man would scold his wife for dropping ashes on his office floor?

Men laugh at women for wearing short skirts and pulling them down constantly over their knees; and then the men plan wars and agree on rules to keep the wars from being brutal.

(Copyright, 1928.)

claiming so much for his candidate, tried his luck at "bucking the tiger," but when the votes were counted he carried but 5 counties, while Willis carried 93 with a plurality of more than 60,000. In 1926, seven candidates entered against Senator Willis (one being an ex-United States senator) with the result that Willis carried every county in the State.

So the Hooverites better stop, look and listen.

OHIO REPUBLICAN WORKER.

### Presidential Year.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: This is presidential year. A few months and candidates will be nominated. In November one of these candidates will be elected. He will be chosen by the electoral colleges of the several States, meeting at the respective capitals of these States on the second Monday in January. The electoral colleges have 45 members in New York and 3 members, respectively, in Arizona, Delaware, Nevada, New Mexico and Wyoming—a total membership of 631, or an average of over 11 members per college.

In 1928, one hundred years ago, Andrew Jackson was elected President. He received 178 electoral votes, John Quincy Adams 83 votes. That is a century ago, 24 States chose our President with a total of 261 electoral votes. In that election of 1828, New York had an

electoral college of only 36 members, Maine one member. In 1876, fifty-two years ago, Hayes received 185 votes, Tilden 184 votes. In 1904, twenty-four years ago, Roosevelt defeated Parker by 338 to 140 votes. And in the presidential year of 1928—but when shall we see the day when a man would scold his wife for dropping ashes on his office floor?

CHARLES NEVENS HOLMES, Reading, Mass., Feb. 6.

### Mr. Coolidge's Speech.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: In President Coolidge's speech before the Press Club, we find him writhing under the lash of criticism. One wonders why, because for the longest part he has traveled a calm political sea. He would choke criticism by appealing to our patriotism. In this respect he would place the press in the same class as the officers of the Army and Navy.

With the naïveté of a simple man he would have the newspapers become the "directors of public thought." It never occurs to him that a newspaper is inherently incapable of performing this function. He blames on criticism "the attempts to foment class distinctions and jealousies." It is the successful in life who arouse our jealousies, but he chides the press for its failure to portray the successful in life as often as the unsuccessful.

HARRY BRONSON, Philadelphia, Feb. 6.

## PRESS COMMENT.

### Worry.

Atlanta Constitution: Worry kills more people than work, because more people worry than work.

### They Like It.

Indianapolis News: Some of the girls have the appearance of having been robbed by Jack the Stripper.

### Busts Up Families.

Des Moines Register: So far the radio hasn't been able to keep the family together because no two members of a family seem to like the same program.

### How Does He Know?

Ohio State Journal: Round garters seem to have been pretty much discarded, apparently on the theory, which we believe to be well founded, that streamline legs are prettier.

### "William Rogers."

Minneapolis Journal: The Democrats have started a presidential boom for Will Rogers. Will Rogers we know, but who would be the "William Rogers," who would appear on the ticket?

### Here We Are.

Atchison Globe: Fifty years ago today in Atchison a public speaker said the people had grown careless and thoughtless and immoral, and that within 25 years from then the country would be on the rocks. But our country is in effect today. There have always been alarmists. And hell has always seemed near. But here we are yet.

### Moving Days.

Baltimore Sun: Protests against May 1 and October 1 as Chicago's stereotyped moving days are being made and the gas company, for instance, is said to be harassed by the need of turning on the gas at 200,000 homes on and around those dates. The solution proposed is to get the landlords to let the tenants move whenever they want to, but no one explains how under the new system families among the first-of-April movers can obtain apartments which became vacant in, say, July or September. Indeed, the failure to consider this point at all suggests the possibility that tenants in Chicago do not care where they go, just so they go somewhere else.

### Settle It Now.

Philadelphia Ledger: James M. Beck, in his argument before the House committee in defense of his right to sit in Congress as an "inhabitant" of the First Pennsylvania district, makes the assertion that a denial of his right "would disqualify nearly half of the Senate and a considerable number" of members of the House. If this is true, it only shows how important it is that there should be a final and authoritative ruling on the question at issue. Not all the senators and representatives who have homes in Washington stand precisely in the same position as that held by Mr. Beck. Their long service at the Capital has made a residence there a necessity, and it need not follow that in every such case they maintain "a voting residence" only in the State which they represent. A liberal interpretation of the provision of the Constitution, bringing the American practice into closer accord with the English parliamentary rule, might or might not be an advantage in widening the choice of the congressional districts and bringing a higher type of men into Congress.











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## Calendar of Specials

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The Velvet Kind Dealers  
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### BANANA AND CHOCOLATE ICE CREAM

The Velvet Kind unequalled chocolate ice cream combined with a rich fruity layer of banana.



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Calendar of  
Specials  
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## BAN ON THIRD TERM DEBATED IN SENATE IS NEARING PASSAGE

Provision Added to "Com-mend" Coolidge for Adherence to Old Precedent.

BINGHAM LEADS FIGHT  
AGAINST RESOLUTION

La Follette Measure Supported by Progressives and Democrats, He Says.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

The "letter" of the law that counts, the "Draft Coolidge" adherents could admittedly disregard the first statement in the resolution. But the added provision, it was declared, would virtually eliminate President Coolidge even though, as Senator Bingham argued, there should come a dire emergency such as a state of war.

Sites President's Popularity. The fact was inescapable, he said, that the resolution was sponsored by "enemies of the present occupant of the White House." He recalled that the author of the resolution, Senator La Follette, represented a State unfriendly to the Coolidge policies. Four years ago, he said, the delegates stood up and acclaimed the President, all save the delegates from Wisconsin. Senator La Follette retorted: "And the Wisconsin delegates are very proud of their action at that convention."

Despite the unfriendly attitude of Wisconsin and the Democrats, Bingham continued, the President's popularity was shown by his majority of more than 7,000,000 votes. Senator Brookhart, of Iowa, Republican Progressive, interrupted to observe that the Connecticut senator "overlooked the 5,000,000 votes that were

cast for Senator La Follette, and when this is considered with the Democratic votes Mr. Coolidge's majority is not as large as one might be led to believe." The Wisconsin senator recalled that in 1875 when the shoe was on another foot, or when efforts were being made to give Grant a third term, that the House overwhelmingly passed a resolution identical to his, except for the commendatory clause relating to President Coolidge, and that supporting that resolution were 22 out of the 24 New England members voting.

Senator Bingham said he thought it was significant that the introduction of the resolution followed a National-wide poll, apparently referring to the one taken by the Pathfinder, a local publication, which showed "that it was the overwhelming wish of the people who took the trouble to answer the poll that Calvin Coolidge should be the candidate." The Wisconsin senator explained very frankly, however, that he introduced his resolution following the revival recently of the draft movement in New York.

It was his point that a third term would be subversive of American institutions and the New York movement made it important that the Senate express itself.

Talks of Patronage. It is within the power of any President, he declared, to get the nomination at the hands of his party as long as he wants it. There are approximately 60,000 postmasters, United States marshals and the like on the Federal pay roll drawing a total salary of \$127,500,000 a year, and in addition there are 79,745 employees under the Hatchcock "one-two-three" plan of competitive examination resulting in an aggregate salary of \$104,000,000 a year, and whom a President, if he so desired, could use to force his renomination, he declared.

Under the "one-two-three" plan of competitive examination, the applicant under civil service does not have to make the highest mark. Any one of the three making the highest mark may be selected, it was pointed out, and instances were cited where the applicant of the same political party that happened to be in power usually got the job.

Senator Norris, of Nebraska, declared that if the President wanted to he could nullify the whole civil service plan with one stroke. He agreed with Senator Bingham that there might conceivably be a time when the security of the Nation demanded the retention in power of a certain President, but the danger in breaking down the two-term precedent, in his opinion, is far more grave than the possibility of such an emergency as the Connecticut senator suggested. The Nebraska senator vigorously de-

nied that an "animosity toward President Coolidge" was responsible for his support of the resolution. "I have no unfriendly feeling or animosity toward him," he declared. "But at the same time I am not under the whip or lash of anyone." Discussing the power that he declared lay in the hands of the President to perpetuate a "monarchy," if he so wished, the Nebraska senator said that it is human nature for a man appointed to office by the President to feel under obligations to him. And if the two-term precedent is ever broken he declared, it would be "human nature" for the man benefiting by it to "reach out for additional power."

Commendation for Coolidge. President Coolidge, he declared, should be commended for not using the power at his disposal, giving an illustration of this power the Republican machine in the South.

"Everybody knows that it is corrupt," he declared, "that it is a disgrace to the Nation. They line up the Southern States like a master lining up his slaves."

In a number of instances, he said, the Republican machine in the South is indorsed by and works hand and hand with Democratic office holders. The President's power to perpetuate himself in office is not confined to the Federal office holders, either, he declared, asserting that he can manipulate senators. This was shown, he declared, in the passage in President Harding's administration of the ship subsidy bill. Lame duck senators were won over to the bill by the promise of lucrative jobs, he charged.

Senator Watson, of Indiana, wanted to know if the Nebraska senator thought the President could perpetuate himself in office if a large part of the Republican party did not want him. Senator Norris replied that the condition could be brought about where even "powerful and selfish interests—the unseen government—would be a

party to the plot, everybody that would get a finger in the pie." The condition could be brought about where men who opposed it would be "denounced as traitors," he said. Senator Bruce (Democrat), of Maryland, argued in favor of the resolution, although saying that he did not especially prefer the commendatory clause. It is well known, he declared, that the President always gives better service in his second term, because he does not have to give any thought to reelection. If the third term is held out as a possibility, then politics will characterize the President's first two terms, he said. The Maryland senator, approving two terms for a President, quoted Benjamin Franklin to the effect that "an old woman is the best," but hastily explained that he did not mean to suggest that Mr. Coolidge is an "old woman."

Is Unfinished Business. The President again came into the light vein of the discussion when Senator Bingham said he thought the resolution had been introduced to stop the momentum of the "snowball" referring to the draft-Coolidge movement. Senator Caraway (Democrat), of Arkansas, wanted to know if he meant to refer to the President as a "snowball."

Senator Robinson, the Democratic leader, and Smith, of South Carolina, all contributed pot shots, and it was with difficulty that Senator Shortridge (Republican), California, kept out of the discussion. He finally did observe: "The Senate has no constitutional authority to pass this resolution. This is a legislative body."

The Senate's two presidential candidates, Senators Curtis, of Kansas, and Willis, of Ohio, steered clear of the debate. At its close, the resolution was before the Senate as the unfinished business. Senator Bingham has a motion pending to send it to the Judiciary committee, the defeat of which he conceded.

## ATTACKS ON PAPERS RENEWED BY HEFLIN

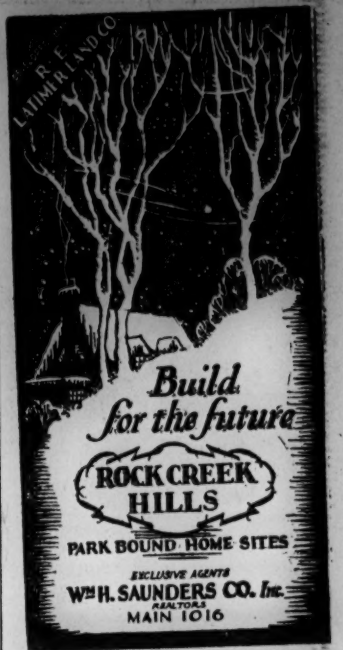
Senator Reads Prepared Address Alleging Control by "Catholic Machine."

(Associated Press.) Senator Hefflin, of Alabama, renewed his attacks in the Senate yesterday on newspapers which he said had mistreated him during his controversy with Senator Robinson, the Democratic leader, concerning his remarks about Gov. Smith and what he termed the "Roman Catholic political machine."

Reading from a prepared manuscript—which is unusual with him—the Alabama declared that the entire list of papers which have slandered me were controlled by "the machine." "These newspapers responded with their attack as the pig responds before the swill with a happy squeal," the Alabama senator shouted.

Certain Massachusetts Democrats, who said several days ago that they would not attend the Houston Democratic convention if Hefflin were not repudiated, were declared by the Alabama senator to have "placed the Catholic machine above the Democratic party."

Senator Hefflin declared "the bold and brazen agents of the Pope's political machine" had entered the Capitol and Senate press gallery in an attack upon him. "These agents have invaded my own State to declare political war on me," he said. "This political machine is buying up newspapers and doing everything in its power to put Al Smith, the nullifier, wet, and Tammanyite in the White House."



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"Luckies never cut my wind"  
says Billy Burch, Captain of  
N. Y. Americans' Hockey Team



"Hockey is pretty strenuous—it takes all you've got to keep on top of the old puck. I can't afford to take any chances with my physical condition. That's why I stick to Luckies. In addition to the pleasure I get from their fine flavor, they have never cut my wind to any noticeable degree. Finally, I never suffer with sudden coughing which might be very dangerous for me when there's a scramble on the ice."

Billy Burch



"The Cream of the Tobacco Crop"

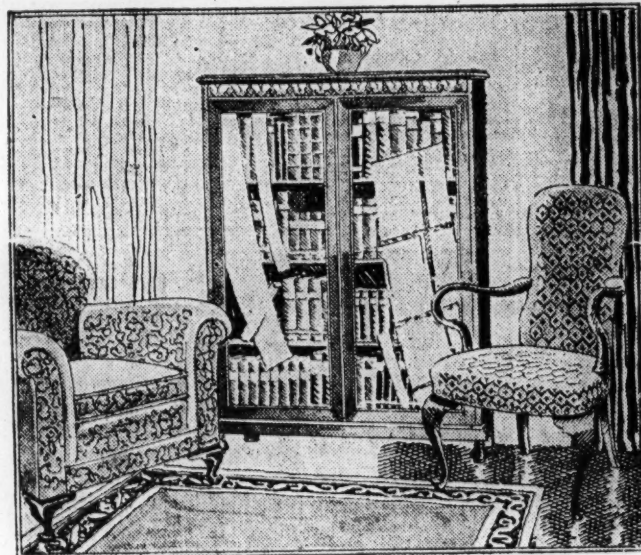
for Lucky Strikes  
says Tobacco Buyer

"No article can be better than its base. To produce a fine product, you must begin with fine materials. The finest of the tobacco crop, 'The Cream of the Crop' goes into LUCKY STRIKE Cigarettes. I know, because I buy the Tobacco for this brand with this ideal before me."

W. B. Boswell

"It's toasted"

No Throat Irritation—No Cough.



Two-door Bookcase, illustrated \$29.75 at the left.

Overstuffed Karpen Chair in \$49.75 new velour.

Karpen Queen Anne Chair, illustrated \$45.00 treated ....

Single Pieces As Well As  
Suites Sharply Reduced in

## THE FEBRUARY SALE of LIFETIME FURNITURE

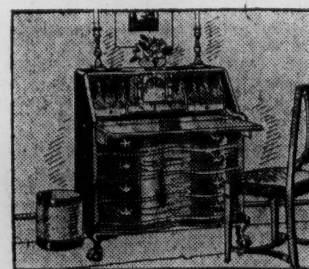
Savings Now Are Worthwhile

THERE is no need for you to buy a whole suite to get the low sale price. Single pieces as well share in the sharp price reductions. The savings now are store-wide.

The few pieces illustrated here are suggestive of the hundreds and hundreds now on display at the low sale prices. We'll gladly show you, whether you intend to purchase or not.

### Occasional Chair

Numberless occasional chairs are present in the sale at remarkably low sale prices. The one illustrated has walnut arms and is upholstered in your choice of new coverings at \$24.75.



### John Hancock Desks

John Hancock and Winthrop Desks are offered in a wide range of prices. This one has automatic lid supports, secret compartments and serpentine front and is priced in the sale at \$75.

### Department of Interior Decoration

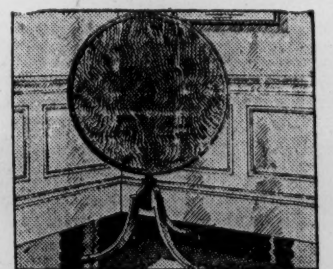
THE Mayer & Co. service to our patrons includes a well organized Department of Interior Decoration that will help you plan and arrange your interiors without cost.

If you have a problem in interior arrangement, do not hesitate to call upon one of our decorators, who will gladly assist you.

Even at the prevailing low sale prices, this service is offered you without additional cost.

### Many Poster Beds

Starting at \$27.50 for the twin sizes and all the way to a hundred dollars or more you'll find quaint four-posters. The bed illustrated is in mahogany—full size—and priced now at \$29.75.



### Tilt-Top Tables

Here's a Tilt-Top Table of rare beauty. Handsome crotch mahogany top—32 inches in diameter—large enough for bridge and as good-looking as Tilt-Top Tables come. Only \$29.75.

MAYER & CO.

Seventh Street

Between D and E







New York, Feb. 7.—The Stock Market was featured today by the most con-

(Reported by W. B. Hibbs & Co.)

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1928.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

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BILL MEHLHORN WINS TEXAS GOLF OPEN BY STROKE

Leaders Win In School Series

Central Five Defeats Western, 42-35, in Loose Game.

Tech Triumphs Over Business, 61-41, as Berger Stars.

SERIES STATISTICS

Team	W	L	Pct.
Tech	5	1	.833
Central	5	1	.833
Western	2	4	.333
Business	2	4	.333

RESULTS OF PAST GAMES

Western, 31; Business, 29.
Tech, 61; Western, 15.
Eastern, 33; Business, 16.
Central, 44; Eastern, 34.
Tech, 45; Central, 35.
Central, 46; Western, 43.
Eastern, 38; Tech, 35.
Central, 35; Business, 27.
Tech, 49; Western, 28.
Central, 38; Eastern, 22.
Western, 37; Business, 34.
Business, 27; Eastern, 25.
Tech, 45; Western, 31.
Central, 42; Eastern, 38.
Tech, 61; Business, 41.

FRIDAY'S GAMES.

Tech vs. Central.

Eastern vs. Western.

By ARTHUR A. HEYWOOD.

TECH and Central High Schools came through as expected in the championship basketball series yesterday and assured that their battle Friday may decide the championship. Tech, winning decisively over Business, 61-41, while Central downed Western, 42-35. The two winners still remain tied for first place with five victories and one defeat.

As the above scores indicate, neither Tech nor Central had any trouble downing its opponent. At times, Western gave Central a stubborn battle, but in the latter stages of the game the final outcome was not in doubt. Central kept sending in a steady stream of substitutes and the game became uninteresting and poorly played.

Although Tech won by a much more decisive score, its game with Business was the most interesting of the two. Louis Berger, forward of the Tech team, who was trailing Cappell, of Eastern, for high scoring honors by 7 points, came through with 12 points, giving him high honors by a margin of 5 points.

Berger played a good game throughout and in the last time again he passed to Rooney, his running mate, and to Goldblatt, when he himself was in position to score, which he did with a flourish. His total beyond reach of the other leading scorers of the series. This is very evident by the fact that Rooney corralled 32 points, while Goldblatt made 15.

Business took the lead, 2-0, at the start of the game on a basket by Marks, but Rooney, Forney, Goldblatt and Berger, of the Tech team, soon swung into action and Tech took the lead, 15-3, before the end of the first period. Tech continued its onslaught in the second quarter and piled up a 31-11 advantage before the half.

With Tech continuing on its rampage at the start of the second half, Business, hopelessly behind, took the only

CONTINUED ON PAGE 14, COLUMN 5.

GEORGE WASHINGTON U. COED BASKETBALL TEAM



The regulars of the George Washington University girls' basketball team, chosen from a large squad, are pictured above. Left to right (front row)—Julia Denning, Louise Onwaka and Betty Brandenburg. (Back row)—Dorothy Albert, Jean McGregor, Althea Lawton and Betty Zimmerman.

LOMSKI BOUT IS NEXT FOR LOUGHRAN

Light Heavy Champ to Defend Title at Garden March 30.

Special to The Washington Post.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—Tommy Loughran, the light-heavyweight champion, will defend his title against Leo Lomski, of Aberdeen, Wash., in Madison Square Garden on March 30. Matchmaker McMahon announced today. It will be a return engagement, Loughran having won the decision in their previous encounter, after being on the floor twice.

"In matching Lomski with Loughran, McMahon has called off his proposed elimination tournament. Jess planned to match Joe Seykora, the Ohio Bohemian youngster against Lomski, but as the winner to meet Loughran, but as

CONTINUED ON PAGE 14, COLUMN 7.

14,000 Middies Fought By Webb, Boxing Coach

Annapolis, Md., Feb. 7.—"Spike" Webb, coach of the United States Naval Academy Boxing Team and coach of the last two victorious American Olympic Teams, holds a unique record in the sport.

Since 1919, when he took charge of the boxing at Annapolis, Webb has exchanged punches with 14,000 midshipmen, three rounds each for a total of 42,000 rounds. This is said to be a record unequalled in boxing circles.

Foe's 32 Scratches Aid as Davidge Wins

Gene Newlin scratched away 32 balls in the Mayfair pocket billiard tournament last night and was beaten, 100 to 41, by William Davidge who also carried off the honors for the highest run on the machine of 14 balls.

H. E. Crouch, Jr., will engage Fred Reynolds in tonight's match at the Mayfair parlors, 810 Ninth street northwest, starting at 7 o'clock.

Bob Reeves to Coach Georgia Tech's Nine

Manager Harris recently received a request from Shortstop Bob Reeves asking that he be permitted to coach the Georgia Tech baseball candidates until the time comes for him to report at the Tampa training camp on March 1.

The Nat leader was mighty glad to accede to the request, believing that Reeves' coaching duties will help the young shortstop as much as it will the Yellow Jackets. Harris is counting strongly on Reeves to cover the short-field berth for the Nats this season and believes that this early work will have Bob in tip-top shape when he reports.

Mullen Offers Belt To Feather Champion

Chicago, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—Jim Mullen, Chicago boxing promoter, has offered a diamond-encrusted belt, emblematic of the featherweight championship, to the eventual winner of the East and West elimination contest, which starts here Thursday night.

Bud Taylor, bantam champion, and Joey Sanger, Milwaukee featherweight, meet Thursday in ten rounds to determine which shall meet Eddie Shea, in deciding the supremacy of the West.

In the East, Tony Canzoneri and Benny Bass meet Friday night. The winner of this bout will be matched against the Western survivor to decide the championship. A year ago Mullen offered a bantam championship belt, which is now in possession of Bud Taylor. Taylor won it by defeating Canzoneri in two bouts.

Tartakower Leading Title Chess Tourney

Berlin, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—Of the seven games scheduled for the fourth round of the international chess tournament at the Berlin Chess Club today, six were finished and only one adjourned. Four draws were recorded. The winners were R. Reti, of Czechoslovakia, and Dr. S. Tartakower, of France, the former taking the lead.

The summaries:

A. Nizovitch, Denmark, drew with E. D. Bogoljubov, Germany, in a Caro-Kann defense after 46 moves.

W. Schlager, Germany, drew with R. Koch, Germany, in a Caro-Kann defense after 46 moves.

R. Reti, Czechoslovakia, defeated C. Allos, Sweden, in a Zukertort opening after 45 moves.

L. Steiner, Hungary, drew with R. Allos, Germany, in a King's Pawn, after 37 moves.

Dr. S. Tartakower, France, defeated P. S. Lasker, Germany, in a Queen's Pawn opening after 20 moves.

K. Belling, Germany, adjourned with F. Sechter, Germany, in a Queen's Gambit after 27 moves.

OLD LINE FIVE PLAYS PENN TONIGHT

Best Team Available for Contest at Philadelphia.

UNDAUNTED by its defeat at the hands of the Naval Academy team last Saturday, the University of Pennsylvania basketball team will take the floor against the University of Pennsylvania Quintet tonight at the University of Pennsylvania gymnasium.

In short, the Catholic University Five, at the peak of its form at present, are expected to be fully prepared to realize the ambition of its players. A large number of the student body and a host of loyal fans are expected to see the game.

U. S. Olympic Skater Close to Record Time

St. Moritz, Switzerland, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—"Forty-four flat" for 500 meters was the time several watches caught O'Neill Farrell, the American ice speedster, on the Olympic ice today. This was exactly Charles Jewtraw's winning mark in the event at Chamionix in the 1924 Olympics.

Farrell traveled half the distance with Charlie Gorman, of Canada, and the Navy frayed a sadder but more experienced team, and during the past few days have sought to remedy the defects which showed up in their general play and defense against the Middies.

The shooting of the players also has been given special attention in an effort to bolster the offensive of the team. Coach Burton Shipley announced last night that the starting line-up will consist of Chap. Linkous and Radice at forwards, Adams at center and Heggy and Dean at guards. Madigan, a forward; Hetzel, center and Koons and Evans, guards, also will make the trip and most likely will get into the game.

No Charge to Chicago Track and Gym Meet

Chicago, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—So as to popularize track and gymnastics at the University of Chicago, Coach A. A. Stagg has adopted a free admission policy for meets of those classes of sport.

The policy brought a crowd of 2,500 to the Chicago-Indiana meet last week, the largest that has ever seen an indoor meet at Bartlett Gymnasium.

Three Mat Contests At Arcadia Thursday

Renato Gardini will grapple Tom Drak tomorrow night at the Arcadia in the feature match on the wrestling card arranged by Manager John Black.

In the other matches, Joe Turner, local favorite, will wrestle Billy Gale, State champion of New York, in the middleweight class, while Tony Felicia will come to grips with Dan Koloff, sturdy Bulgarian, winner three times in past appearances at the Arcadia.

Griffith Eager to Sign Caldwell, Second Base Star of Yale Team

While in New York attending the sports writers dinner Sunday, Caldwell, published in the Washington Post that he would like to sign Bruce Caldwell, Yale baseball and football star, was being made by the Washington Club. Although more famous on the gridiron as the backfield star who was declared ineligible on the eve of the Eli-Princeton game, Caldwell ranked among the best second basemen in collegiate ranks last season and was noted for his hitting prowess.

Although the Washington owner states that he is not in communication with Caldwell, he adds that he would like to give him a try-out. Griffith's telegram to the Post last night from Tampa said: "A friend of mine said he would see Caldwell regarding coming to Washington. What has been done, I do not know but I would be glad to have Caldwell on the club."

C. U. Invades Annapolis Today

"Big Four" Has Last Chance to Defeat Navy Quintet.

CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY'S BASKETBALL TEAM will strive to be the first local quintet to crash through with a victory over the strong Naval Academy Basketball team when the teams clash at 4 o'clock this afternoon at Annapolis.

The George Washington team have already succumbed to the Middies this season.

For the first time in several years the fast Cardinal Quintet will enter the game a slight favorite over the Navy team. With a veteran aggregation of stars, four of whom have represented Catholic University on the court during the past three years, the Brooklanders boasted one of the fastest and most polished teams in this section.

For Capt. Carney, Ray Foley, Johnny Long and Bill Harvey today's game will be their last chance of gaining a triumph over the Middies in their college career.

On two previous occasions during the past two years they have visited Annapolis with high hopes of victory, only to be disappointed, but the forecast of this afternoon's battle seems to be a different story.

The sudden reversal, which the Cardinals suffered at the hands of the University of Virginia Quintet, appears to have been, in virtue of the subsequent showing of the team, the best thing that could have happened.

In the course of its brilliant winning streak overconfidence had cropped into the play of the Cardinals and in many of the games there were distinct traces of individualism which disrupted the smooth teamwork of the team.

However, during its recent games the Catholic University Quintet has shown a truly brilliant and fully prepared to realize the ambition of its players. A large number of the student body and a host of loyal fans are expected to see the game.

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Dodge Charges Rough Work By Peltzer

Illinois Star, Retiring, Says German Pushed Him Off Track.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—Ray Dodge, for many years one of the outstanding distance men in the United States, tonight announced his retirement from track competition after his race against Dr. Otto Peltzer, German star, Friday in the Illinois Athletic Club's indoor track and field meet.

In announcing his retirement from the track, Dodge, in a formal statement, charged Peltzer with elbowing him in their meeting in New York last week, which forced Dodge to lose the race.

"I led Peltzer until the last turn in the race at the Millrose games last week," Dodge said. "Then he elbowed me while trying to pass me and pushed me completely off the board track onto the tile infield."

"My spikes, not being made to dig into hard tile, slipped. Sparks flew in every direction. I lost about 10 yards. This I was able to make up in part, but not enough to beat the doctor to the tape."

Dodge, known as one of the gamest of runners, has had his greatest success on board tracks. His ability to fight his way through closely-packed fields on narrow wooden crabs has won him many races when his chances appeared remote.

Throughout the early part of the present season Dodge has been Lloyd Hahn's greatest rival.

Dr. Peltzer arrived in Chicago early today and worked out on the Northwestern University indoor dirt track.

"Long-Count" Referee Suspended in Illinois

Chicago, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—Dave Barry, the "long-count" referee of the Turnbury-Dempsey heavyweight championship match last September, was indefinitely suspended and his license revoked today by the Illinois State Athletic Commission, for refereeing in an unlicensed boxing exhibition at the Congress Hotel, following an auto show banquet February 2.

Dave Adelman, of Philadelphia, and Eddie Anderson, of Moline, Ill., the participants in the exhibition, were given the same sentence.

The commission was particularly aroused by the fact that the boys boxed on an elevated platform, four feet above the floor, without any ropes around the so-called ring, with no seconds, attendants or physicians to give the boxers proper attention.

Barry, because of his selection for the Battle of Soldier Field, was regarded as the commission's choice as the best official in the State.

Giants' Rookie Keeps Word With Guilford

New York, Feb. 7.—Pat Crawford, star third baseman of the Greenville (S.C.) Club, purchased by the New York Giants, is a ball player not without honor in his own country.

It was disclosed today that Pat slipped into New York recently, and in a conference with Manager McGraw and Secretary Tierney of the St. Paul team, effected an unique arrangement by which he will train with the Giants at Augusta for three days, beginning March 7, and then will depart to follow the regular season of the Greenville club.

"For the first few days," said Lon Murphy, "I felt as if my lungs would burst after going a few hours yard at top speed. This air is certainly thin up this way."

Bolt Mosen, who was injured yesterday in a faulty landing when making a long ski jump, was hobbling about on crutches today. He has a badly wounded knee, but remarked heroically: "I hope to be able to take at least one Olympic jump if I break both legs."

U. S. Defeats British At Squash Racquets

New York, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—A stirring victory by Clarence C. Pell, American champion, over the British titleholder, J. C. F. Simpson, in the final match, won the international racquets trophy today for the United States, 3 matches to 2. The scores were 15-8, 15-12 and 15-6.

The other American singles victory was scored by Hewitt Morgan, runner up for the American title last year, who defeated P. W. Kemp-Welch, 6-15, 15-12, 15-8, 15-12, 15-8. The teams played the first match, 3 matches to 2. The scores were 15-8, 15-12 and 15-6.

Playing his usual hard driving game, Pell held the upper hand throughout his match. Simpson led 5-2, at the beginning of the first game, but Pell soon evened the score and drew ahead to win easily. The other two singles matches were hard-fought, but neither sparked with the brilliance of the Pell-Simpson encounter.

Paulino Is Detained As Passport Expires

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 7 (A.P.).—Paulino Uzcudun, Spanish heavyweight, was admitted to the United States from Juarez, Mexico, today after being detained 96 hours by immigration authorities because his passport had expired.

With the passport renewed, Uzcudun left with his manager, Al Mayer, for Los Angeles to begin training for his bout with George Godfrey on February 28.

Newer Stars of Baseball

HENRY GEORGE SCHULTE, Shortstop, Cardinals. Born, Houston, Tex., 1908. Bats right-handed. Throws right-handed. Height, 5 feet 7 inches. Weight, 150 pounds.

GOLF VICTOR



BILL MEHLHORN

BLICK PLANS 43 ARCADIA ALLEYS

Present Auditorium Would House New Bowling Drives.

PLANS are under consideration by John S. Blick, owner of the Arcadia, at Fourteenth and Park roads, to convert his present auditorium into a big bowling arena composed of approximately 43 alleys.

The alleys may not be installed and completed this year, but the project is practically assured in the near future. The present balcony in the auditorium will "run" and this would offer a fine opportunity for spectators to witness tournaments and other special matches.

Under the present arrangement the present main floor contains 29 alleys available, but the new establishment would rival the Convention Hall plant, which has 55 alleys on one floor.

The Arcadia's new plan and the new establishment would rival the Convention Hall plant, which has 55 alleys on one floor.

Semifinals Reached In Pinehurst Tourney

Pinehurst, N. C., Feb. 7 (A.P.).—Mrs. W. L. Peirce, of Charlotte, champion of North and South Carolina in the women's golf, today advanced to the semifinals of the women's St. Valentine golf tournament here today.

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New Gridiron Changes Meet Favor in West

Chicago, Feb. 7 (A.P.).—The changes in the football rules for 1928 found favor today with Midwestern coaches, not only among the universities but also among the professionals. Representatives of both the college and pro games agreed that the change in interpretation of a fumbled punt, permitting the defense to recover but not run with the ball, was a forward step.

They also agreed that the same change on the lateral pass met with little to the game. It was, they said, only a surprise play which many teams never used.

George Halas, coach of the Chicago Bears of the National Pro League, said there was one change not made, which he would recommend to the annual meeting of the pro league in Cleveland next Saturday. That was to shift the goal posts back to the goal line.

"You see," said Halas, "we have to watch our defensive features. The old picture of a team fighting with its back to the goal posts to stave off a touchdown is gone. The posts are 10 yards behind the goal line and many fans can't tell when a touchdown is made. Moving the goal posts back was to encourage wide runs and passes as scoring plays, but in this it failed miserably. Everybody still uses the old smash for the last few inches."

Miss Woodin Beaten In Miami Golf Event

Miami, Fla., Feb. 7.—Mrs. Monroe E. Miller, of Washington, advanced to the second round of match play today in the annual Miami Beach championship tournament on the Bay Shore C. C. links through the medium of a default by Mrs. George Wianer, of Chicago.

Another Washington entry, Miss Dorothy L. Woodin, was severely beaten in the fourth flight, losing by 9 and 7 to Mrs. H. L. Callister, of St. Louis. The medalist, Mrs. O. S. Hill, Missouri State champion, easily defeated Mrs. T. O'Callaghan, of New Jersey, by 8 and 7.

Tilden-Hunter to Play Before U. S. Net Body

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 7 (A.P.).—Pairing announced today for the tennis exhibitions Friday night as entertainment for the officials of the National Lawn Tennis Association will bring together again William T. Tilden and George M. Lott, the young Chicagoan ambitious to succeed to Tilden's domination of the American tennis scene, Francis Hunter and John Hennessey, of Indianapolis, another brilliant Middle Western youngster, are drawn for the awarding of dates and election of officers comprising the bulk of the agenda, with ratification of the national rankings.

COLLEGE BASKETBALL

At Charlottesville—Virginia, 35; Virginia Military, 19.

At Madison—Notre Dame, 24; Wisconsin, 14.

Final Clearance

JOSEPH MAY OF ENGLAND, STEIN-BLOCH, FRUHAUF LANGROCK

WINTER OVERCOATS

\$26 Were \$40, 45 and 50

\$36 Were \$55, 60 and 70

\$46 Were \$75 to \$100

This affords you the opportunity to purchase at a fraction of the original cost, an overcoat from the world's best makers.

NO C. O. D.'s NO APPROVALS Alterations at Cost

Sidney West (INCORPORATED)

14th & G Streets N. W.



1917







ARMY MUSIC AT WMAL

**SMITHS**  
TRANSFER &  
**TORAGE CO.**  
FIRE PROOF BUILDING  
CRATING, PACKING, SHIPPING  
**LONG DISTANCE MOVERS**  
WANTED-LOADS TO AND FROM  
PHILADELPHIA NEW YORK  
BOSTON  
RICHMOND AND POINTS SOUTH  
FURNITURE INSURED  
CALL NORTH 3342-8343

# Baltimore & Ohio

# The News

LEVINCHAM  
RADIO  
TUBES

If your reception is poor,  
try a new set of Cun-  
ningham Radio Tubes  
—new tubes give new  
life to your set.

**Cunningham**  
RADIO TUBES

# RADIO

**WJZ—New York**  
(545 Meters, 660 Kilocycles)

7 p. m.—Orchestra.  
8 p. m.—Sparkers.  
9 p. m.—Variety hour.  
10 p. m.—Dance Band.  
11 p. m.—Slumber music.

[illegible]

**ELLA CINDERS—An Inquiring Investor**

## GASOLINE ALLEY

## MINUTE MOVIES

FRED RIDES HIS NOBLE ANIMAL DOWN PRECIPITOUS SHALE BANKS, THRU' WILD ARROYOS, AND HAZARDOUS CANYONS

## BOBBY THATCHER

BY THE WAY, WHILE  
YOU'RE WAITING FOR  
YOUR PARTNER YOU  
MIGHT GO DOWN AND  
HELP YOURSELF TO  
SOME FRESH  
CANTALOUPE.

WINNIE W

**Argentine Mother**

*That She Will Just Adore*

**Diamond Bar Pin**

my beautiful new styles  
bar pin set with genu-  
ine diamonds, and priced  
low as

**\$12.95**

Pay 50c a Week

**PARX JEWELRY COMPANY**

101 7th St. N.W.

All rights protected by the George Matthew Adams

IF WE CAN ONLY REACH THAT BRIDGE IN TIME !!

### The Chance

YES A FAST FREIGHT HAD  
A LITTLE SPILL ON THE  
CURVE LAST NIGHT- THE  
ENGINEER SET THE AIR  
COMING DOWN THAT  
HILL AND TURNED OVER A  
CAR OF CANTALOUPE.

## KLE, THE BREAD WINNER

Service. Trade Mark Registered U. S. Patent Office.

"NICE WORK,  
OL' PAL!"

**AND AT THE  
SAME TIME, AT  
A FORDING PLACE  
A MILE BE-  
LOW, BARNES  
AND THE  
RUSTLERS  
DRIVE THEIR  
SOLEN CATTLE  
TOWARD ROCK  
GULCH -**

**a Lifetime!**

IT CANT BE MUCH FURTHER -

\_\_\_\_\_

BEST TO SEE THAT YOUR NEST-EGG HATCHES A GOLDEN CHICK

Mag. U.S. No. CN, Copyright 1938, by Minneapolis Newspaper Service

Fig. 12. Sc. Pat. Office Copyright, 1916, by Ted Chicago, Ill.

**By Ed Wheelan**

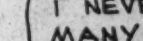


WHY DOES FRED MAKE SUCH AN EFFORT TO REACH THE BRIDGE ?

TO MORROW YOU WILL FIND OUT !

2-8

By George Storm



I NEVER HAD AS  
MANY CANTALOUPE  
AS I COULD EAT, AND  
I'M HUNGRIER THAN  
I EVER WAS BEFORE.  
IF I CAN'T GET A  
JOB HERE I'LL HAVE  
TO LEAVE.

*Love and Duty*

YOU POLICE IMMEDIATELY ???

WELL -ER- I WAS IN LOVE WITH MISS WINKLER AND I KNEW SHE LOVED MENSUARY AND -ER- I WANTED TO PROVE TO HER THAT WE WAS NO GOOD - I HURRIED OUT TO CALL THE POLICE, BUT I WAS TOO LATE ! HE'D GOT AWAY !!

BRANNER



## BANKS' GAINS APPROVAL

Committee of Eight Appointed to Study Systems for an Organization Here.

## DISTRICT STOCKS STRONG

By F. W. PATTERSON.

The establishment of an effective credit bureau for the benefit of the banks of Washington, which has been under discussion for a number of years, is likely to be accomplished before the close of the year of the present administration of the District Banks Association.

With members of the association recently expressing themselves as favorable to a credit bureau in the District, and authorizing the president to appoint a committee of eight, with two members from each group of banks in the membership, to consider its establishment, and report to the association at a meeting, W. W. Spaid, president, has just appointed the following committee:

Robert W. Fleming, president Riggs National Bank, chairman; Harry W. Haynes, president of the National Bank of Commerce, and Charles E. Edson, president of the Union Trust Co., and Frederick P. H. Siddons, secretary of the District Bankers Association, for the trust committee; Francis G. Addison, jr., president of the Savings Bank of Washington, for the savings bank group; Maurice C. O'Connell, president of the Anacostia Bank, and James P. McLaughlin, president of the Commercial Bank of Washington, for the commercial bank group; and James P. McLaughlin, president of the Commercial Bank of Washington, for the savings bank group.

It is believed that the committee will promptly begin a study of the credit bureau in operation in other communities in order to determine the type that would best fit the needs of the local members, and to prepare a report and recommendations may be presented at the annual convention of the association in June.

The question of a credit bureau here was first studied by the protective committee, of which Harry W. Haynes, has been chairman for several years, and in discussing the subject at the 1926 convention it was his thought that the bureau plan best suited to Washington banks was the one in use in Cleveland and followed by the Cook County, Ill., Bankers Association.

Bankers approached on the subject are enthusiastic over the prospect of the action being taken, and one of them stating yesterday, "We could have paid for this credit bureau for ten years to come in what we have lost, probably in the last three years, by reason of the fact that we were victims of some of the worst of the duplicating the borrowings."

District Market Improved.

Yesterday's session of the Washington Stock Exchange was marked by a decided improvement in the volume of trading, as well as by the strength of the stocks in which transactions were recorded with many of them showing substantial gains.

Washington Railway & Electric common, which advanced to 470 on Monday, stepped up to 485, a new all-time high, but the sales were restricted to 20 shares in two lots. Potomac Electric Power Co. 5 1/2 per cent preferred stock unchanged at 100 1/2, in sales of 35 shares, with closing sale at 101 1/2. Washington Gas Light moved further upward with the local changing hands at 87 1/2, the next sale at 88 1/2, while the final transaction was made at 87 1/2. Capital Trust was firm at 14 1/2.

Riggs National Bank advanced to 505 on sales of two odd lots, while American Security & Trust sold to the extent of 60 shares unchanged, at 450. Merchants Transfer & Storage preferred, which had been unchanged at 100, changed at 101 1/2, in sales of 35 shares, with closing sale at 101 1/2. Washington Gas Light moved further upward with the local changing hands at 87 1/2, the next sale at 88 1/2, while the final transaction was made at 87 1/2. Capital Trust was firm at 14 1/2.

Save for a sale of Washington Gas Light 6 1/2, series "A," at 106, the bond side of the market was neglected.

New Debentures Issue.

A new issue of \$7,000,000 of 5 per cent gold debentures of the Second International Securities Corporation, is offered today by Harris, Forbes & Co., priced at 95 1/2 and interest, yielding over 3 1/2 per cent.

The business of Second International Securities Corporation consists of its resources and reinvestment of its resources in domestic and foreign securities, and to a limited extent, participation in the underwriting of eligible securities. Its assets now include over 400 different governmental, railroad, public utility, industrial and other securities, representing investment in more than 30 countries.

Cash and investments of the corporation will, upon completion of this financing, exceed \$21,000,000, an amount over 300 per cent of its total funded debt, for the fiscal year ended November 30, 1927, the corporation reported gross earnings from interest, dividends and realized investment profits of \$1,066,672, and net earnings before interest and Federal taxes of \$721,000, or over 2 1/2 times annual interest charges.

Institute Directors' Meeting.

There will be a meeting of the board of governors of Washington Chapter, American Institute of Banking, tonight in the chapter rooms. Several matters of importance will be discussed, and discussion and numerous routine matters will also be disposed of, according to statement yesterday by J. J. Roberts, president.

Car Loading Increases.

Loading of revenue freight for the week ended January 27 totaled 902,832 cars, an increase of 18,737 cars over the preceding week, but a decrease of 41,047 cars under the corresponding week in 1927.

All districts except the Northwestern and Southwestern reported decreases in the total loading of all commodities compared with the corresponding week in 1927, according to statement yesterday by the American Railway Association.

Leading of revenue freight in 1928 compared with 1927 follows:

Week ended January 7, 1928, 925,107 cars; week ended January 14, 1928, 925,107 cars; week ended January 21, 1928, 925,107 cars; week ended January 28, 1928, 925,107 cars.

National Bank Resources.

Resources of national banks of the country, on December 31, 1927, showed an increase over the corresponding date of the year ago of \$246,370,000 to \$2,819,210,000, according to report yesterday by J. W. McIntosh, Comptroller of the Currency.

Loans and discounts, including rediscounts, gained \$1,237,844,000 to \$14,831,259,000 at the close of 1927, while demand deposits amounting to \$11,369,520,000 showed an increase of \$492,612,000 over December 31, 1926.

Time deposits were \$1,274,995,000 better than on December 31, 1926, and totaled \$7,808,437,000 at the end of 1927, while individual deposits were \$10,828,480,000. Total deposit liabilities were \$22,860,000.

## NEW YORK CURB TRANSACTIONS NEW YORK CURB TRANSACTIONS

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1928.

Issue	High	Low	Close	Issue	High	Low	Close
600 Acetol Prod. A.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	200 Nat. Public Service B.	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. B.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. C.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. D.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. E.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. F.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. G.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. H.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. I.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. J.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. K.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. L.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. M.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. N.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. O.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. P.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. Q.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. R.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. S.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. T.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. U.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. V.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. W.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. X.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. Y.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. Z.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AA.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AB.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AC.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AD.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AE.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AF.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AG.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AH.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AI.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AJ.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AK.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AL.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AM.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AN.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AO.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AP.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AQ.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AR.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AS.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AT.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AU.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AV.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AW.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AX.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AY.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. AZ.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BA.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BB.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BC.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BD.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BE.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BF.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BG.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BH.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BI.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BJ.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BK.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BL.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BM.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BN.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BO.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BP.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BQ.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BR.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BS.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BT.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BU.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BV.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BW.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BX.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BY.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. BZ.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CA.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CB.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CC.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CD.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CE.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CF.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CG.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CH.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CI.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CJ.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CK.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CL.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CM.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CN.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CO.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CP.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CQ.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CR.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CS.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CT.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CU.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CV.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CW.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CX.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CY.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. CZ.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DA.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DB.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DC.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DD.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DE.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DF.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DG.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DH.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DI.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DJ.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DK.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DL.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DM.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DN.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DO.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DP.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DQ.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Acetol Prod. DR.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	1000 Nat. Sugar Refn.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
600 Ac							











# CONDEMNATION LAW CHANGES BY GRANT MEET OPPOSITION

Commissioners and Bride At- tack Measures Now in Senate and House.

LONG LITIGATION SEEN IF BILLS SHOULD PASS

Corporation Counsel Points Out Work of Years Before Courts Would Be Lost.

Lieut. Col. U. S. Grant's proposed new law to revise completely the procedure for acquiring land for park sites by condemnation was disapproved yesterday by the District Commissioners. The Commissioners contended themselves with characterizing the legislation as undesirable and not necessary to the District. Their opinion ran rather to the proposed broadening of the bills to make the new condemnation plan apply to purely municipal cases. Corporation Counsel William W. Brice, however, used stronger language and made a sweeping criticism of the Senate and House bills containing Col. Grant's proposal. He said some of the provisions were of highly questionable validity and, if enacted, the work of years would be destroyed.

The bills were introduced in the House by Representative Zihlman, of Maryland, and in the Senate by Senator Capper, of Kansas.

Additional Justice Provided.

It provides for the appointment by the President of an additional justice of the District Supreme Court, who would specialize in condemnation cases. It also provides that the Attorney General shall represent the United States in all condemnation proceedings.

Brice's views were contained in an opinion submitted to the Commissioners at their request, and quoted in the Commissioners' report to Brig. Gen. H. M. Lord, director of the bureau of the budget. Supported by detailed comment on the bills section by section, Brice's general comments were as follows:

"While there are a few good points in the bills it seems to me that a very few amendments to the present law would cure any objections to present practice which seem to have worked fairly well in fact despite theoretical criticism to the contrary. Our present laws have been made concrete and settled by appellate decision.

Long Strife Predicted.

"At the present time almost any objection raised to a legal step taken by the District may be met with a citation of authority which is conclusive. 'If a law were adopted such as the present bills suggest, changing present practice in toto, and containing provisions, of which some are of highly questionable validity, the work of years is destroyed. We should be again at the inception of a long period of legal strife ended only when an appellate court had ruled upon the many contentions and objections raised from time to time to defeat our condemnation projects.'

The citizens' advisory council recently approved Col. Grant's bills and recommended that they be made to include all District condemnation cases, those for school and other public buildings, and street opening as well as for park sites.

Gallon of Milk May Save Victim of Poison

By forcing a gallon of milk down the throat of Jacob Roberts, 30 years old, a boarder at 467 Fifteenth street northwest, yesterday, Policeman Frank J. Scoville, of the Thirteenth Precinct, probably saved the man's life.

In a mood of despondency, police report, Roberts attempted to end his life in his room by swallowing poison. Occupants of the house discovered his act and summoned the police. Scoville responded and after learning the nature of the case hurriedly procured four quarts of milk, which he forced Roberts to drink. After the first aid treatment, Roberts was taken to Garfield Hospital, where it was reported that although his condition was serious he had a chance to recover. Roberts, police say, blamed marital difficulties for his act.

Woman Is Arrested In Store Theft Case

Miss Evelyn Gloria Chaconas, an attractive young woman of 18 years, who gave her address as 3814 Kansas avenue northwest, was arrested by Detective Carlton Talley, of police headquarters, yesterday and accused of grand larceny. She is accused of taking \$200 in feminine finery from a downtown department store. Her actions in the store aroused suspicions of employees, and the police were called. As police headquarters, Talley says he found that a handbag she carried contained silk undergarments, perfumes, soap, shoes and other articles.

Miss Chaconas was lodged in the House of Detention.

Court Annals Marriage

Walter M. Wilson, a minor, 1537 Third street northwest, was awarded a final decree yesterday by Justice Hitz, in Equity Court, annulling his marriage of November 18, 1926, at Rockville, Md., to Mary E. Smith, a minor, of 131 A street northeast. Through Attorney Charles L. Carson, the plaintiff alleged that he had been coerced into going through the marriage ceremony.

Today's Happenings

Meeting—Illinois State Society; Willard Hotel, 8:30 o'clock.

Card party—Society of Holy Name Church; 916 Eleventh street northeast, 8:30 o'clock.

Meeting—Mira McCoy Andrews Day Nursery Association; Hamilton Hotel, 10:30 a. m.

Party—Good Will Chapter, O. E. S.; Faust Auditorium, 8 o'clock.

Industrial Study Group; 8 o'clock.

San Park Citizens Assn.; Hill School, 8 o'clock.

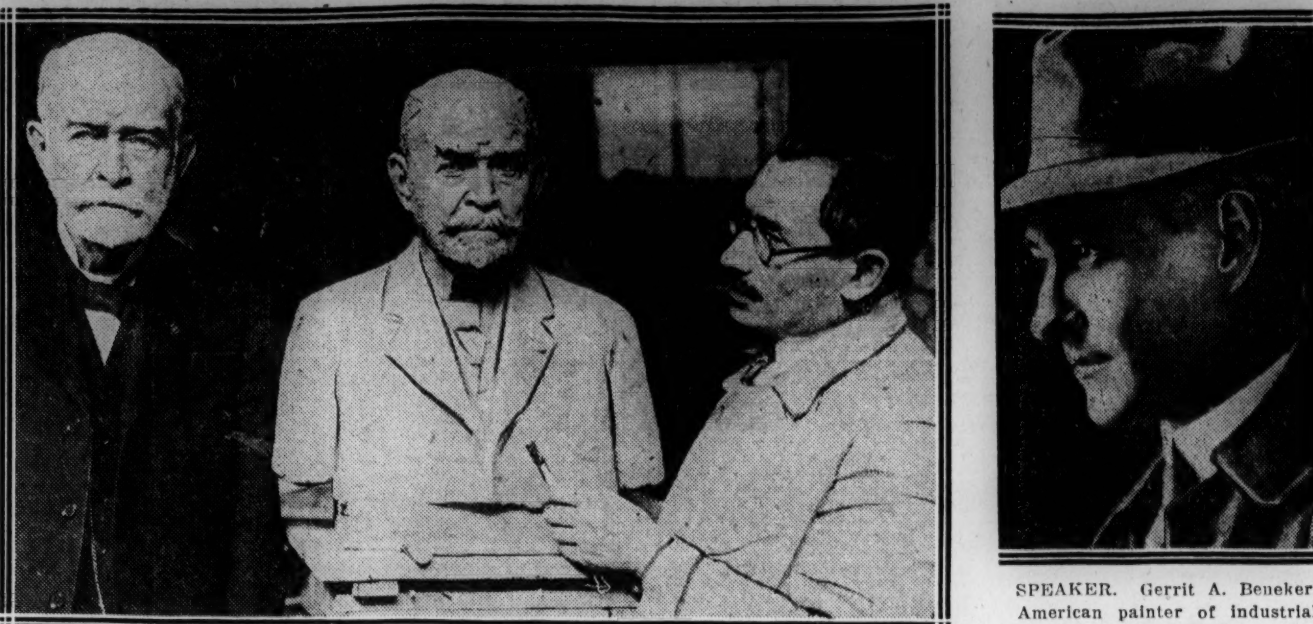
Bible Class of First ch.; Y. W. C. A., 7 o'clock.

Committee of the Opposed to Blue tel., 8 o'clock.

Heart Academy; Ham- tel., 8 o'clock.

Benefit Holy Name ch. street northeast.

# CAMERA VIEWS IN THE DAY'S NEWS



HIS LIKENESS. Rear Admiral George Collier Remy, retired, one of the oldest living officers of the United States Navy, having his likeness sculptured by Moses Dykaar, noted Russian sculptor. Admiral Remy is 87 years old, and was retired from the Navy in 1903. He participated in the siege of Yorktown and commanded a division of boats in the night attack on Fort Sumter.



"GURGLE, GURGLE." Norman S. Hodkinson and F. E. Stroman, of the Seventh Police Precinct, couldn't carry this barrelful of alleged wine from the premises at 3214 O street northwest, where they conducted a raid yesterday, so they poured the contents into a sink.

## DETENTION CHARGED IN SUIT FOR \$100,000

Two Counts Alleged False Arrest and Custody Without Cause.

F. Karl Werthner, 1101 Euclid street northwest, laundry manager, filed suit yesterday in Circuit Court against Frederick W. MacKenzie, 3801 Ingomar street northwest, to recover a total of \$100,000 damages for alleged false arrest. According to Vivian O. Hill, counsel for Werthner, the defendant MacKenzie is connected in an official capacity with several laundries and dyeing and cleaning plants.

Werthner's declaration is in two counts. In the first count he complains that on December 16, 1927, he was imprisoned in a room at 1101 Euclid street northeast, which is the headquarters of the Home Laundry, and kept there two hours at the instigation of MacKenzie without any charges having been preferred against him. For this alleged imprisonment the plaintiff demands \$50,000 damages.

## Clinical Club Hears Luce on "Congress"

Representative Robert Luce, of Massachusetts, was the principal speaker at the annual banquet of the Clinical Club of Washington, held last night at the Waldman Park Hotel. His subject was "Congress."

An entertainment program of special features and music was provided. About 250 local physicians were present. Dr. William J. Stanton, president of the club, was toastmaster.

## DELINQUENT TAX SALE PURCHASERS PAY ARREARS ON 9,176 LOTS; OVER 6,000 PARCELS LEFT UNSOLD.

The annual tax sale last month netted the District \$611,680.27 in delinquent taxes, according to a report by Tax Collector Chatham M. Towers to Commissioner Sidney P. Taliaferro. This sum was considerably less than the proceeds of tax sales of recent years and the number of parcels of property affected was correspondingly smaller because fewer taxes were allowed to become delinquent, due to a special campaign for collection before the last day on which they were due.

Taxes on 9,176 lots were advanced by the tax purchasers, the owners having two years in which to redeem them by reimbursing the buyers for tax money advanced plus 1 per cent a month interest. There were between 6,000 and 8,000 parcels left delinquent and unsold in the hands of the District.

As usual professional tax dealers bought nearly all of the tax accounts, although one of the habitual dealers, the National Mortgage & Investment Co., did not attend the sale this year. C. H. White, of Rochester, N. Y., bought 3,373 accounts aggregating \$339,856.29; Manuel Faust, of Cleveland, Ohio, advanced \$69,058.80 on 1,728 titles; J. S. Fraser, of this city, paid \$11,553.85 on 1,987 parcels, and C. L. Rout, also of this city, paid \$175,818.55 on 1,610 parcels.

## Memorial Measures Reported.

The resolutions authorizing the erection of memorials in this city to Cardinal Gibbons and Samuel Gompers were favorably reported to the Senate yesterday by Senator Fess (Republican), of Ohio, chairman of the Senate library committee.

Additional Duties Ordered.

Maj. Breton B. Somervell, Corps of Engineers, now on duty here as United States District engineer, has been detailed for additional duty with the Organized Reserves of the Third Corps area and the 343d Engineers General Service Regiment, of this city.



MAKES THE CHIPS FLY. James E. Steere, Boy Scout executive of Charlotte, N. C., who started to work yesterday in front of the District Building to chop a telegraph pole into an Indian totem pole. The task will be completed tomorrow.

## Electric Cancer Cures Disclosed at Hearing

Use of Oscillating Current on Mice Revealed as Method Employed by Health Service Physician Before Appropriations Committee.

(Associated Press.)

Dr. A. M. Stimson, of the Public Health Service, has disclosed to a House appropriations committee that cancer artificially induced in mice, has been cured, in some instances by an electric treatment.

The method employed consisted of an oscillating current of very high frequency, and Dr. Stimson said further researches into the adaptability of the current for treating the disease would be carried on by the health service.

Use of this electric phenomenon had never before been made in connection with cancer, he said. Dr. J. W. Schereschewsky is in charge of the work.

"Thus far the results have been sufficiently encouraging so that we think that they ought to be followed further," with cancer, he said. Dr. J. W. Schereschewsky has found that by submitting mice which had cancer artificially induced in them to this high frequency current a certain percentage of them can be cured. At the same time he has found that some of them if the dosage is a little too high, will die. It is a question of further investigation the exact dosage of this physical agent.

"However, he has had some 30 mice there that had terrible tumors, and after the treatment the tumors subsided, and the mice were still living at the last report."

Coordination of the Public Health Service with State health departments and independent foundations and research laboratories in studies to find a cure for cancer has been carried on for several years, Dr. C. C. Pierce, acting surgeon general, said yesterday.

Dr. Schereschewsky is now stationed at the Harvard University Medical School, cooperating with the Harvard laboratory and the Massachusetts Board of Health in cancer cure experiments. Government health officers believe that only by unified work of all those engaged in cancer study to avoid duplication of effort can a successful fight against the disease be conducted.

Shot, Treated, Arrested.

Walking into Freedmen's Hospital yesterday, Shirley E. Green, colored, 25 years old, 1223 Thirteenth street northwest, announced that he had been shot in the left jaw. After treatment he was arrested at the Second Precinct on a charge of disorderly conduct. Green told police he was wounded during a fight in the rear of 1954 Second street northwest.

# FUND TO PURCHASE SOUTHERN RAILWAY BUILDING PROVIDED

Appropriation Bill Carries the Sum of \$2,680,000, Aiding Triangle Plan.

BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING ITEM CUT

Total Left at \$1,063,337,000; Committee Members Ired at Construction Delay.

Funds for the purchase of the Southern Railway Building and for continuing work on three of the new public buildings here are provided for in the annual appropriation bill for the Treasury Department and the Postoffice Department, which was reported to the House yesterday.

The bill carries \$2,680,000 for the purchase of the Southern Railway property at Thirteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue. This property is in the Pennsylvania avenue-Mall triangle, within which are to be erected nine or more huge Federal office buildings.

The items for three new buildings—the Department of Commerce, the Internal Revenue structures and the addition to the Government Printing Office—total \$3,500,000. The bill also contains an appropriation of \$100,000 for a new postoffice at Alexandria, Va.

The bill, the largest supply measure introduced at this session, carries a total of \$1,063,337,000, of which \$298,367,018 is for the Treasury and \$764,950,042 for the Postoffice Department.

Another local item in the bill calls for an appropriation of \$126,150 to pay for the use of several floors in work on the National Press Building by the Bureau of Internal Revenue.

Bureau Personnel Hilt.

The amount asked for the Bureau of Engraving and Printing this time is about \$800,000 less than the last appropriation. This is due to the proposed reduction in the size of paper currency. As a result of the appropriation cut, the personnel of the bureau will have to be reduced.

For the wages of plate printers in the bureau, the bill calls for a total of \$1,634,600, as compared with \$1,888,000 in the last appropriation bill. For the salaries of other employees, it calls for \$3,111,700, as compared with \$3,659,500 in the last bill.

Alvin W. Hall, director of the bureau, said yesterday that he was not ready to estimate the number of employees that would be dropped. So far as possible, he said, he would try to effect the necessary economy by leaving vacancies unfilled rather than dismissing employees.

The bill raises the cost limitation on the new Department of Commerce Building from \$10,000,000 to \$17,500,000. The cost limitation on the new Internal Revenue Building is raised from \$7,950,000 to \$10,000,000.

Stirred by Building Delay.

A copy of the hearings on the appropriation bill, which was made public yesterday, showed that members of the House appropriations committee are becoming extremely impatient with the Treasury Department for not making greater progress with the Federal building program.

Turning to Supervising Architect Wetmore, of the Treasury Department, Representative Madden, chairman of the committee, said:

"When are you going to commence work on any of these buildings?"

Wetmore explained that the delay in the case of the Internal Revenue Building was caused by condemnation proceedings and by the tardy removal of the former postoffice market, which is on the Interior Building site.

He told the committee that work was about to begin on the Internal Revenue Building and that work on the Commerce Building would begin about the end of May.

## Girl Pleads Guilty In Bad Check Case

Eolia June Dodd, 19 years old, of 3902 McKinley street northwest, pleaded guilty yesterday in Police Court before Judge McMahon to five charges of passing worthless checks. The case was referred to the probation officer for investigation and a report on February 14.

The girl, who was brought back to this city from Warrenton, Va., on January 31 by Detectives Keck and Thompson, broke down and sobbed when she was arraigned. She is alleged to have passed checks bearing the forged signature of her cousin, Miss Ruth E. Dodd, of Phillips Terrace Apartments. She was charged with forgery, but later the charge was changed to one of passing worthless checks, a procedure which will keep the defendant out of the Criminal Courts.

New Streets Proposed.

After considering the projected improvement of Wisconsin avenue from Tenleytown to the District line, the coordinating committee of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, yesterday, recommended that District Surveyor Hazen consider advisability of instituting a proceeding to open Forty-second and Forty-third streets from Wisconsin avenue to River road prior to paving Wisconsin avenue.

Wife Charges Neglect.

Neglect is charged against Walter P. Whittington, 21 Eighth street northwest, in a petition for limited divorce filed yesterday in equity court by Mrs. Lena N. Whittington, 711 Fifteenth street northeast, through Attorneys Castell & King. They were married August 17, 1921.

### FOXHALL VILLAGE

AMERICA'S SMARTEST COUNTRY OF ENGLISH GROUP HOMES.

Nine Minutes From Dupont Circle.

**\$11,500 to \$16,500**

A VILLAGE IN THE CITY

English style of architecture, we believe, is the most picturesque, with its irregularly shaped masses, its gabled and pinnacled roof lines and freedom of treatment both in balance and proportion. It is best illustrated in Greenwich Park way, Surrey Lane and Que street, Foxhall Village. We believe they are the most interesting and the most complete improvement in the city of Washington.

Designed by Jas. E. Cooper, Architect.

Beautifully Illustrated Brochure on Request.

MODEL HOME, 1705 SURREY LANE

South of Reservoir Road, Drive West on Que St. to Wisconsin, Turn North One Block to Reservoir Rd. and West to Village. Make Left-Hand Turn at 41st St. 1417 K ST.

**BOSS & PHELPS**

OWNERS AND DEVELOPERS.

## CITY HEADS END WORK OF POLICE REPAIR SHOP

Institution Abolished and Ten Men Are Returned to Active Patrol Duty.

## PATROL BOAT IS ORDERED

Abolition of the police repair shop July 1 was ordered yesterday by the District Commissioners, who simultaneously ordered that the one sergeant and nine privates there employed, be returned to patrol duty thus increasing the active police force of the District by ten men. This step is in compliance with a recommendation of the Bureau of Efficiency.

The shop will be consolidated with the District repair shop at Second and Bryant streets northwest and all tools and machinery at the police shop will be moved to the District repair shop with the exception of a crane towing machine and small truck used to tow abandoned and broken down machines and the hauling of household effects.

The commissioners yesterday awarded to Howard W. Lyon, Inc., of New York, a contract for purchase of a 28-foot patrol boat for the police department to cost \$5,800 and capable of developing a speed of 45 miles an hour.

Suspension of Detective Sgt. James A. Springman, February 4, under charges of insubordination and neglect of duty was confirmed by Detective Sgt. J. T. Jackson was retired on pension at his own request.

Lieut. W. G. Parater and Private Orville Fraser, of the Fire Department, were retired on half pay at their own request and on recommendation of the board of surgeons.

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## MASONIC PRINCIPLES OUTLINED BY BISHOP

Freeman Addresses Dinner Given by Cathedral Lodge to Temple Noyes.

The principles upon which Masonry was founded were outlined and lauded in an address by the Right Rev. James E. Freeman, Episcopal Bishop of Washington, at a dinner given by members of Cathedral Lodge, No. 4, F. A. A. M., to members of Temple Noyes Lodge, No. 32, F. A. A. M., last night in the Carlton Hotel.

Bishop Freeman also praised the work and organization of the two lodges. The other speakers included James T. Gibbs, grand master of District Masons, William L. Radcliffe, worshipful master of Temple Noyes Lodge, and the Rev. Homer J. Councilor, W. Spencer Brenizer, worshipful master of Cathedral Lodge, president.

An American flag was presented to Cathedral Lodge by Fred Cook on behalf of Temple Noyes Lodge, of which he is treasurer. When Cathedral Lodge applied for District membership in the Masonic fraternity two years ago Temple Noyes Lodge sponsored the application. A musical program was given by Fred East and William F. Raymond, 4 Es, accompanied by Robert Thomas, pianist.

## HERE ARE THE ANSWERS To Questions on Magazine Page

1. Leonardo da Vinci was the great Italian artist, astronomer and geologist who invented the wheelbarrow.
2. The word macaroni is taken from the Italian.
3. The name of George Washington's wife was Martha Dandridge Custis.
4. Budapest is the capital of Hungary.
5. The Simplon Tunnel passes through the Alps.
6. There are 32 quarts in a bushel.
7. Magpie coloring means black and white combined.
8. Cortez was the Spanish conqueror of Mexico.
9. Nathaniel Hawthorne wrote "The House of the Seven Gables."
10. Montreal is the largest city in Canada.

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By Ernest Henderson

## 500 GALLONS OF WINE DESTROYED BY RAIDERS

Couple Held for Possession and Sale of Beverage Found in Basement.

## LIQUID POURED IN DRAIN

Five hundred gallons of alleged grape wine flowed from a dozen barrels into a bathtub following a raid by Seventh Precinct police yesterday at 3214 O street northwest. Angelo Casamento, 38 years old, and his wife, Rose, 34 years old, alleged owners of the wine, were arrested.

According to police, an informer made a purchase of wine from Mrs. Casamento recently and a warrant was obtained. Shortly after Casamento had returned from work at the Chestnut Farms Dairy, the police squad, composed of Detectives Norman S. Hodkinson and Frank S. Stroman and Policemen Frank Dodson, A. S. Bohrer and E. Reynolds, made its appearance.

The wine was found stored in an improvised basement. Police were troubled as to how the large barrels could be removed through the small doorways and decided to take "samples" as evidence from each barrel and destroy the rest.

Casamento and his wife denied that they had ever sold wine. They declared they used it as a beverage at meals for themselves and their four children. The children, the eldest of whom is 6 years, were playing about the house during the raid. They are Anthony, Phillip, Maria, Eleanor and Angelo. Casamento was charged with illegal possession and his wife with sale and possession.

Thieves Take Contents Of Church Poor Boxes

Two local churches were the scenes of thieves' activities, according to reports made yesterday to police. The Rev. James Connell, pastor of the Immaculate Conception Catholic Church, Eighth and N streets northwest, reported that the contents of several poor boxes in the church were stolen. Invasions were unwelcome when the gained entrance and ransacked the First Presbyterian Church at John Marshall Place and street northwest.

Clothing valued at \$75 was stolen from the tailoring establishment of Louis Richter, 1797 Lanier place northwest, by thieves who entered the place at 839, were stolen from the home of Joseph Silcott, 3010 R street northwest. A mink coat, valued at \$500, and a pocketbook, containing \$33 in cash and checks, was stolen from Mrs. Hilda Voigt, 1422 Fairmont street northwest, according to a Tenth Precinct police report.

## Rent Law Provision In Court of Appeals

The Court of Appeals yesterday took under advisement arguments for and against the contention that the law provisions of the old Rent law did not apply to hotels, which are not hotels, but failed to secure a collection because the Police Court determined that the rent law was entirely and completely inoperative. An appeal was taken by the corporation counsel. A decision is expected next month.

## Center Trolley Poles Removal Is Planned

Removal of center trolley poles of the Washington Railway & Electric Co. in Georgetown and between New Hampshire avenue and Military road may soon be ordered by the Public Utilities Commission. It was stated yesterday.

The policy for changing of center to side poles as rapidly as poles need replacement. Those south of New Hampshire avenue already have been changed and attached of the commission say those as far north as Military road now give evidence of deterioration.

## Navy Chief Chaplain Speaker

Capt. Curtis H. Dickinson, chief chaplain of the United States Navy, will be the principal speaker at a reception and entertainment to be given to the Episcopal Men's Club of Washington, at the Church of the Advent, Second and U streets northeast, Thursday at 8 o'clock. George A. Carney, president of the Church of the Advent's Men's Club, will preside.

Promoted In Reserve.

Sidney Post Simpson, 800 Southern Building, has been promoted to a captaincy, Field Artillery, Reserve.

## Band Concert

MARINE BAND ORCHESTRA.

Auditorium, Marine Barracks, 8:15 o'clock.

March, "Entrance of the Bolshoi";... Halvorsen Overture, "Carneval Romain";... Berlin Characteristic, "Japanese Patrol";... Schabert Xylophone solo;... "Lebesfreud";... "Loris Dances," from "Heavy VIII." German

Musicalian Wilbur D. Kiefer.

Grand scenes from "Der Rosenkavalier." "Prayer";... "Cesar Frank" (b) "The Flight of the Bumble Bee," from the opera, "The Legend of The Swan." Suite Oriental, "Babylon";... Rimsky-Korsakov (a) Odissea;... (b) Barcarole;... (c) Queen of the Night;... (d) "The Star-Spangled Banner."